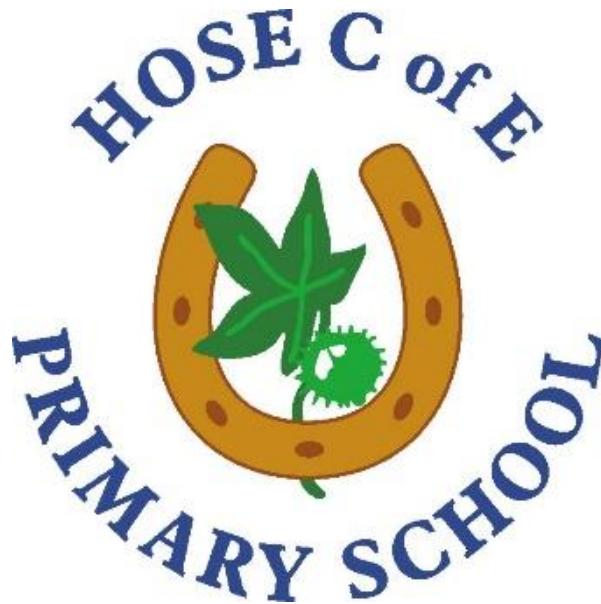


# Hose Church of England Primary School Child Protection Policy



**Respect, Bravery, Success, Pride**

'Whatever you do, work at it with all your heart' Colossians 3:22

Written August 2026

Adopted on 1<sup>st</sup> September 2026 by 'Chair's Action'

Member of staff responsible: Mrs L Hough

Chair of Governors: Emily Greasley

Review Date: August 2027

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## Introduction

Hose Church of England Primary School fully recognises the contribution it can make to protect children and support pupils in school. The aim of the policy is to safeguard and promote our pupils' welfare, safety and health by fostering an honest, open, caring and supportive environment. We encourage children to talk about their worries and to report their concerns to us. The pupils' welfare is of paramount importance. Our first concern: daily, weekly and termly is that our children are safe at school, outside of school and online.

## Policy statement and principles

In accordance with the Equality Act and in line with the values of our school and published equality objectives, due regard will always be given to parents, staff and pupils with protected characteristics in the implementation and enactment of this policy.

This Child Protection Policy will be reviewed by the Senior Designated Safeguarding Lead Mrs Lianne Hough, on a regular basis to ensure it remains current and incorporates all revisions made to local or national safeguarding guidance. This policy will as a minimum be fully reviewed once a year during the autumn term and provided to the *Governing Body* for approval and sign off at the first autumn term meeting.

Date of last review: August 2026

Date of next review: August 2027

| Role                                                                                                              | Name                                                               | Contact Details                                                                                          |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Headteacher                                                                                                       | Lianne Hough                                                       | <a href="mailto:head@hose.leics.sch.uk">head@hose.leics.sch.uk</a><br>01949 860312                       |
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| Designated Governor for Child Protection/ Safeguarding                                                            | Matthew Simpson                                                    | 01949 860312                                                                                             |
| Senior Designated Safeguarding Lead                                                                               | Lianne Hough                                                       | <a href="mailto:head@hose.leics.sch.uk">head@hose.leics.sch.uk</a><br>01949 860312                       |
| Deputy Safeguarding Lead                                                                                          | Maya Attwood-Clarke                                                | <a href="mailto:Mattwood-clarke@hose.leics.sch.uk">Mattwood-clarke@hose.leics.sch.uk</a><br>01949 860312 |
| Names of additional Safeguarding Officers                                                                         | Julie Clifford                                                     | <a href="mailto:jclifford@hose.leics.sch.uk">jclifford@hose.leics.sch.uk</a><br>01949 860312             |
| <a href="#">Leicester and the Leicestershire and Rutland Safeguarding Children Partnerships Procedures Manual</a> | <a href="#">Report Your Concerns about a Child or Young Person</a> | <a href="#">LCC report neglect or abuse</a>                                                              |
| LA Safeguarding Children in Education Officer                                                                     | Charlotte Davis                                                    | 0116 305 7750<br><a href="mailto:Charlotte.davis@leics.gov.uk">Charlotte.davis@leics.gov.uk</a>          |
| LA Child Protection Contact/LADO                                                                                  | <a href="mailto:CFS-LADO@leics.gov.uk">CFS-LADO@leics.gov.uk</a>   |                                                                                                          |

|                                                                         |                                                                                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                                         | LADO service is available office hours only: Monday-Thursday, 8.30am - 5.00 pm and Friday, 8.30am - 4.30pm | <a href="mailto:CFS-LADO@leics.gov.uk">CFS-LADO@leics.gov.uk</a><br><br><b>Link to LADO referral form:</b><br><a href="https://www.leicestershire.gov.uk/education-and-children/child-protection-and-safeguarding/report-a-childcare-worker-or-volunteer">https://www.leicestershire.gov.uk/education-and-children/child-protection-and-safeguarding/report-a-childcare-worker-or-volunteer</a><br><br>Outside of office hours, contact the Leicestershire First Response Children's Duty Team: 0116 305 0005 |
| First Response                                                          | For urgent concerns about a child who needs a social worker or police officer today                        | 0116 305 0005                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Police (to report a crime and immediate risk of harm or abuse to child) | 101                                                                                                        | In an emergency 999 (only)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| NSPCC help/whistleblowing line                                          | line is available 8.00am to 8.00pm Monday to Friday                                                        | 0800 028 0285-<br>email: <a href="mailto:help@nspcc.org.uk">help@nspcc.org.uk</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

## Legislation and statutory guidance

- This policy is based on the Department for Education's statutory guidance Keeping Children Safe in Education (2026) and Working Together to Safeguard Children (2026), and the [www.gov.uk/guidance/-governance-in-academy-trusts](https://www.gov.uk/guidance/-governance-in-academy-trusts) We comply with this guidance and the arrangements agreed and published by our 3 local safeguarding partners.

This policy is also based on the following legislation:

- Part 3 of the schedule to the Education (Independent School Standards) Regulations 2014, which places a duty on academies and independent schools to safeguard and promote the welfare of students at the school
- The Children Act 1989 (and 2004 amendment), which provides a framework for the care and protection of children
- Section 5B(11) of the Female Genital Mutilation Act 2003, as inserted by section 74 of the Serious Crime Act 2015, which places a statutory duty on teachers to report to the police where they discover that female genital mutilation (FGM) appears to have been carried out on a girl under 18
- Statutory guidance on FGM, which sets out responsibilities with regards to safeguarding and supporting girls affected by FGM
- The Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974, which outlines when people with criminal convictions can work with children
- Schedule 4 of the Safeguarding Vulnerable Groups Act 2006, which defines what 'regulated activity' is in relation to children
- Statutory guidance on the Prevent duty, which explains schools' duties under the Counterterrorism and Security Act 2015 with respect to protecting people from the risk of radicalisation and extremism
- The Human Rights Act 1998, which explains that being subjected to harassment, violence and/or abuse, including that of a sexual nature, may breach any or all the rights which apply to individuals under the European Convention on Human Rights (ECHR)
- The Equality Act 2010, which makes it unlawful to discriminate against people regarding protected characteristics (including disability, sex, sexual orientation, gender reassignment and race). This

means our Trustees and headteacher should carefully consider how they are supporting their students with regard to these characteristics. The Act allows our School/Academy to take positive action to deal with particular disadvantages affecting students (where we can show it's proportionate). This includes making reasonable adjustments for disabled students. For example, it could include taking positive action to support girls where there's evidence that they're being disproportionately subjected to sexual violence or harassment

- The Public Sector Equality Duty (PSED), which explains that we must have due regard to eliminating unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation. The PSED helps us to focus on key issues of concern and how to improve student outcomes. Some students may be more at risk of harm from issues such as sexual violence; homophobic, biphobic or transphobic bullying; or racial discrimination
- Working Together to Improve School Attendance, working together to improve school attendance 2024.

## **1. Purpose and Aims**

- 1.1 Our policy applies to all staff, governors and volunteers working in the Hose Church of England Primary School and takes into account statutory guidance provided by the Department for Education and local guidance issued by the Leicestershire Safeguarding Children Partnership. This policy also applies whilst working at Hose Village Hall, on school trips and any other places where school staff are working with children.
- 1.2 We will ensure that all parents/carers are made aware of our responsibilities regarding child protection procedures and how we will safeguard and promote the welfare of their children through the publication of this school child protection policy. These duties and responsibilities, as set out within the Education Act 2002 sec175 and 157, DfE Statutory Guidance Keeping Children Safe in Education 2026 and HM Working Together to Safeguard Children 2018 (updated December 2020) are incorporated into this policy.
- 1.3 The school aims to ensure that:
  - Appropriate action is taken in a timely manner to safeguard and promote children's welfare
  - All staff are aware of their statutory responsibilities with respect to safeguarding
  - Staff are properly trained in recognising and reporting safeguarding issues

## **2. Child Protection and Safeguarding Statement**

- 2.1 We recognise our moral and statutory responsibility to safeguard and promote the welfare of all pupils. We will endeavour to provide a safe and welcoming environment where children are respected and valued. We will be alert to the signs of abuse, neglect and exploitation and follow our procedures to ensure that children receive effective support, protection, and justice.
- 2.2 The procedures contained in this policy apply to all staff, supply staff, volunteers, and *governors* and are consistent with those Leicester and the Leicestershire and Rutland Safeguarding Children Partnerships.

## **3. Maintaining a child centred and coordinated approach to safeguarding:**

- 3.1 Everyone who works at Hose Church of England Primary School understands they are an important part of the wider safeguarding system for children and accepts safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children is everyone's responsibility and everyone who comes into contact with children and their families has a role to play. To fulfil this responsibility effectively, all our staff, including

supply staff and volunteers will ensure their approach is child-centred and will be supported to consider, at all times, what is in the best interests of the child.

3.2 We recognise no single practitioner can have a full picture of a child's needs and circumstances. If children and families are to receive the right help at the right time, everyone who comes into contact with them has a role to play in identifying concerns, sharing information, and taking prompt action.

3.3 **Safeguarding children is defined as:** The actions we take to promote the welfare of children and protect them from harm are everyone's responsibility. Everyone who comes into contact with children and families has a role to play.

## 4. Safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children

4.1 Defined as:

- Providing help and support to meet the needs of children as soon as problems emerge.
- Protecting children from maltreatment, whether that is within or outside the home, including online.
  - Preventing the impairment of children's mental and physical health or development.
  - Ensuring that children grow up in circumstances consistent with the provision of safe and effective care.
  - Taking action to enable all children to have the best outcomes.

**NB Definition:** Children includes everyone under the age of 18.

## 5. Whole school approach to safeguarding:

5.1 We understand the importance every member of our staff has through their contact with children in and outside of our school environment and the particular importance of the roles and relationships they have which places them in a position to identify concerns early, provide help for children and promote children's welfare and prevent concerns from escalating.

5.2 As a school we have a responsibility to provide a safe environment in which children can learn.

5.3 We will make every effort to identify children who may benefit from early help and put in place support as soon as a problem emerges at any point in a child's life.

5.4 **Any staff member** who has **any** concerns about a child's welfare should follow the processes set out in this child protection policy and raise concerns with the designated safeguarding lead or deputy without delay.

5.5 All our staff should expect to support social workers and other agencies following any referral, especially if they were involved in being alert to or receiving a disclosure of risk, harm or abuse or harassment from a child.

5.6 Our senior designated safeguarding lead will provide support to staff to carry out their safeguarding duties and who will liaise closely with other services such as children's social care, police, family help, and health were required, as the designated safeguarding lead (and any deputies) are most likely to have a complete safeguarding picture and be the most appropriate person to advise on the response to safeguarding concerns.

## 6. Safeguarding is not just about protecting children from deliberate harm. It also relates to the broader aspects of care and education including:

- Pupils' health and safety and emotional well-being, and their mental and physical health or development.
- Meeting the needs of children with special educational needs and/or disabilities.
- Meeting the legal duties on the school under the Equality act: will not unlawfully discriminate against pupils or students based protected characteristics; we will carefully consider how we support pupils/students regarding particular protected characteristics; we will take positive action to deal with particular disadvantages affecting pupils or students (as see paragraphs 86-89)
- Where a child receives elective home education and has an EHCP, the LA should review the plan working with parents and carers.
- The use of reasonable force.
- Meeting the needs of children with medical conditions.
- Providing first aid.
- Educational visits and off- site education.
- Intimate care and emotional wellbeing.
- On-line safety and associated issues including filtering and monitoring in accordance with DfE monitoring standards.
- Appropriate arrangements to ensure school security, considering the local context.
- Keeping children safe from risks, harm, exploitation and sexual violence and sexual harassment between children: KCSiE 2026
- Ensuring there is an appropriate safeguarding curriculum

## 7. Safeguarding can involve a range of potential issues

### 7.1 Such as:

- Neglect, physical abuse, sexual abuse, and emotional abuse and exploitation.
- Contextualised also known as extra-familial abuse.
- Bullying, including online bullying (by text message, on social networking sites, and prejudice-based bullying and being aware of the ease of access to mobile phone networks.
- The approach to online safety, including appropriate filtering and monitoring on school devices and school networks for home use.
- Going frequently missing and who are 'absent from education' going 'missing from care or home' and the risks this poses on repeat occasions and for prolonged periods.
- Domestic Abuse including teenage relationship abuse.
- Domestic Abuse including where they see, hear or experience its effects.
- Racist, disability- based, homophobic, bi-phobic, or transphobic abuse.
- Gender based violence/violence against women and girls.
- Risk of extremist behaviour and/or radicalisation and susceptible to being at risk of being drawn into terrorism.
- Child sexual exploitation, human trafficking, modern slavery, sexual or criminal exploitation.
- A young carer.
- Has a mental health need and this has an effect on school attendance and progress.
- Has special educational needs (whether or not they have a statutory Education Health and Care Plan (EHCP).
- Privately fostered.
- Has returned home to their family from care.
- Has a family member in prison or is affected by parental offending.
- Child-On-Child Abuse (broadened by KCSiE 2026 to include children abusing other children, other varying form of bullying including online and sexually harmful behaviour, sexual violence, and sexual harassment (further defined in KCSiE 2026 Part Five).
- Harm outside the home extra familial harm.
- The impact of new technologies, including 'sexting' and accessing pornography.
- The impact of generative artificial intelligence
- Exposure to misinformation, disinformation (including fake news) and conspiracy theories

- Issues which may be specific to a local area or population, is showing signs of being drawn into anti-social or criminal behaviour, including gang activity or involvement and associations with organised crime groups or county lines.
- In possession of a knife and or involved in knife crime, youth violence, criminal child exploitation (CCE).
- Is in family circumstances which present challenges for the child, such as drug and alcohol misuse, adult mental health issues and domestic abuse/harm.
- Is at risk of or from serious violence and violent crime.
- Persistent absence from education, including persistent absence for part of the school day.
- At risk of suspension or permanent exclusion
- Particular issues affecting children including domestic abuse and violence, female genital mutilation, and honour-based abuse.
- Being subject to any conduct where the purpose is to cause a child to marry before their eighteenth birthday, even if violence, threats, or another form of coercion are not used. As with the existing forced marriage law, this applies to non-binding, unofficial 'marriages' as well as legal marriages (Law change on Forced Marriage, February 2023).
- 'Up skirting'- The Voyeurism (Offences) Act, which is commonly known as Up-skirting Act, came into force on 12 April 2019. Up skirting is a criminal offence and reportable by all teachers (KCSiE Annex A).
- Is pregnant or is a parent themselves
- Has exhibited signs of abusive, violent and/or harmful behaviours
- Is misusing alcohol and other drugs themselves
- Is a privately fostered child
- Is frequently missing / goes missing from education, home or care

7.2 All our staff and volunteers are aware of the indicators of abuse, neglect and exploitation and modern slavery. Knowing what to look for is vital for the early identification so that support can be put in place. Our staff and volunteers are also aware of the specific safeguarding issues that indicate or inform of concerns or incidents linked to child criminal exploitation and child sexual exploitation and know to report concerns directly to the designated safeguarding or a member of the senior leadership team should the designated safeguarding lead not be available for children who may be in need of help or protection.

7.3 Our staff recognise that children may not feel ready or know how to tell someone that they are being abused, exploited, neglected, or a victim of modern slavery and/or they may not recognise their experiences as harmful. Children may also feel embarrassed, humiliated, or could be being threatened not to tell, so not feel able to share what is happening to them. Alternatively, we recognise children may not want to make a disclosure or talk about what is happening due to their vulnerability, disability and/or sexual orientation or language barriers. This should not prevent staff from having a professional curiosity and speaking to the DSL if they have concerns about a child and agree a way forward to support the child and determine how best to build trusted relationships with children and young people which facilitate good opportunities for communication.

7.4 **All staff** should **always** speak to the designated safeguarding lead, or deputy at the earliest opportunity.

7.5 As a school we are aware that abuse, neglect, and safeguarding issues are rarely standalone events and cannot be covered by one definition or one label alone. In most cases, multiple issues will overlap with one another, therefore all staff should always be vigilant and always raise any concerns with the designated safeguarding lead (or deputy).

7.6 **All staff** should be aware that safeguarding incidents and/or behaviours can be associated with factors outside the school and/or can occur between children outside of our school environment.

7.7 All our staff have received information and training regarding the risks that can take place outside the child's family. This is known as extra-familial harm which can take on a variety of different forms and children can be vulnerable multiple harms including (but not limited to) sexual abuse (including

harassment and exploitation), domestic abuse in their own intimate relationships (teenage relationship abuse - including physical, sexual, emotional abuse, and stalking), criminal exploitation (including financial exploitation), serious youth violence, county lines, financial exploitation and radicalisation.

7.8 Our staff are aware that technology offers many opportunities but is a significant component in many safeguarding and wellbeing issues. Children are at risk of abuse online as well as face to face. Children can also abuse their peers online, this can take the form of abusive, harassing, and misogynistic messages, the non-consensual sharing of indecent images, especially around chat groups, and the sharing of abusive images and pornography, to those who do not want to receive such content.

7.9 All our staff have 'an understanding of the expectations, applicable to their roles and responsibilities in relation to filtering and monitoring' of ICT systems and regular monitoring of school's equipment and networks.

## 8. Online Safety

8.1 Our school approach to online safety, including appropriate filtering and monitoring on school devices and school networks is reflected in this Child Protection Policy including awareness of the ease of access to mobile phone networks. (See KCSiE 2026 Paragraph 151).

8.2 Our Senior DSL and the DSL team has the lead responsibility in this area, which is overseen and regularly reviewed by the Governing body, along with considering the number of and age range of their children, those who are potentially at greater risk of harm, and how often they access the IT system along with the proportionality of costs versus safeguarding risks.

8.3 Our Governing body will ensure they maintain oversight of the Online Safety Policy contained within our main child protection policy, and the arrangements put in place to ensure appropriate filtering and monitoring on school devices and school network. Ensuring that they are effective at least annually, ensuring this review is formally recorded. The appropriateness of any filtering and monitoring systems will in part be informed by the risk assessment required by the Prevent Duty as required by KCSiE 2026 paragraph 171.

8.4 This will include:

- identify and assign roles and responsibilities to manage filtering and monitoring systems.
- review filtering and monitoring provision at least annually.
- block harmful and inappropriate content without unreasonably impacting teaching and learning.
- have effective monitoring strategies in place that meet the school/ colleges safeguarding need.
- review and discuss the standards with the leadership team, IT staff and service providers to ensure the school/college meets the standard published by the [Department for Education filtering and monitoring standards](#).

8.5 Details of how the school manages the filtering and monitoring requirements put in place by KCSiE 2026 (paragraphs 171 – 175 can be found within our Online Policy which can be found on our school website [here](#) or as a physical copy by contacting the school office. All staff undertake annual child protection training which refers to online safety and their expectations, applicable roles and responsibilities in relation to filtering and monitoring.

8.6 The school employs a network filter, Smoothwall, that sits between the internet and any devices connected to the school network and blocks harmful and inappropriate content without unreasonably impacting teaching and learning. Smoothwall also facilitates actively managed monitoring of internet access and monitoring reports are pushed to responsible staff when necessary. A summary of monitoring reports and a review of filtering and monitoring arrangements are reported to the Governing Body annually. Children are not permitted to bring mobile phones or smart devices to school unless there are exceptional circumstances. In these cases, children are

allowed to store their devices in the school office during the day and pick them up before they go home. Parents are also required to complete a form detailing the exceptional reason the device is needed and accepting the terms of storage.

- 8.7 Our Governing body will ensure a review is maintained to ensure the standards and discuss with IT staff and service providers these standards and whether more needs to be done to support our school/college in meeting and maintaining this standard and communicating these to staff, our pupils/students, parents, carers and visitors to the school who provide teaching to children as part of the learning and educational opportunities we provide.
- 8.8 Our Senior DSL and the DSL team will always act in the 'best interest of the child' and remain mindful of the importance with parents and carers about safeguarding concerns held for children and in particular children's access to online sites when away from school.
- 8.9 We will support understanding of harmful online challenges and hoaxes and share information with parents and carers and where they can get help and support.
- 8.10 All forms of abuse or harassment will be reported in accordance with national safeguarding guidance, and we will take a 'zero tolerance' approach to harassment and abuse as informed in KCSiE 2026.
- 8.11 As a school should an incident or disclosure be made by a child, our staff will always reassure the child (victim) that they are being taken seriously and that they will be supported and kept safe, but we recognise that not every victim will view themselves as such. We will also be mindful of the use of other terminology such as '**alleged perpetrator(s)**' or '**perpetrator(s)**' instead referring to the 'child who has been harmed' and the 'child who has caused harm' as in some cases the abusive behaviour will have been harmful to the perpetrator as well.
- 8.12 We will do our best to ensure children understand the law on child-on-child abuse is there to protect them rather than criminalise them. In doing this we will discuss with relevant statutory safeguarding agencies to ensure all concerns or incidents are addressed fully, and where required different types of assessment and services are put in place where required and in accordance with the Pathway to Provision v 9.1.

## 9. Identifying Concerns

- 9.1 All members of staff, volunteers and governors will be aware of indicators of abuse, neglect and exploitation and will know how to identify pupils who may be being harmed and then how to respond to a pupil who discloses abuse, or where others raise concerns about them. Our staff will be familiar with procedures to be followed and will receive safeguarding and child protection (including online safety) updates.
- 9.2 Staff understand that abuse, neglect, and safeguarding issues are rarely standalone events that can be covered by one definition, and that in most cases multiple issues will overlap with each other. Staff who regularly come into contact with children are aware of the DfE guidance [What to do if you're worried a child is being abused](#)
- 9.3 The four main categories of child abuse are as follows:
1. Physical Abuse
  2. Emotional Abuse
  3. Sexual Abuse
  4. Neglect
  5. Exploitation

## 10. Indicators of abuse, neglect and exploitation:

- 10.1 **Abuse:** a form of maltreatment of a child. Somebody may abuse or neglect a child by inflicting harm or by failing to act to prevent harm. Children may be abused in a family or in an institutional or community setting by those known to them or, more rarely, by others. Abuse can take place wholly online, or technology may be used to facilitate offline abuse. Children may be abused by an adult or adults or by another child or children. Harm can include ill treatment that is not physical as well as the impact of witnessing ill treatment of others. This can be particularly relevant, for example, in relation to the impact on children of all forms of domestic abuse, including where they see, hear or experience its effects.
- 10.2 **Physical abuse:** a form of abuse which may involve hitting, shaking, throwing, poisoning, burning, or scalding, drowning, suffocating, or otherwise causing physical harm to a child. Physical harm may also be caused when a parent or carer fabricates the symptoms of, or deliberately induces, illness in a child.
- 10.3 **Emotional abuse:** the persistent emotional maltreatment of a child such as to cause severe and adverse effects on the child's emotional development. It may involve conveying to a child they are worthless or unloved, inadequate, or valued only insofar as they meet the needs of another person. It may include not giving the child opportunities to express their views, deliberately silencing them or 'making fun' of what they say or how they communicate. It may feature age or developmentally inappropriate expectation being imposed on children. These may include interactions that are beyond a child's developmental capability as well as over protection and limitation of exploration and learning or preventing the child from participating in normal social interaction. . It may include verbal abuse, such as persistent criticism, belittling, or name-calling, as well as not giving the child opportunities to express their views, deliberately silencing them or 'making fun' of what they say or how they communicate. It may involve seeing or hearing the ill-treatment of another. It may involve serious bullying (including cyberbullying), causing children to feel frightened or in danger, or the exploitation or corruption of children. Some level of emotional abuse is involved in all types of maltreatment of a child, although it may occur alone.
- 10.4 **Sexual abuse:** involves forcing or enticing a child or young person to take part in sexual activities, not necessarily involving violence, whether or not the child is aware of what is happening. The activities may involve physical contact, including assault by penetration (for example rape or oral sex) or non-penetrative acts such as masturbations, kissing, rubbing, and touching outside of clothing. They may also include non-contact activities, such as involving children to look at, or in the production of, sexual images, watching sexual activities, encouraging children to behave in sexually inappropriate ways, or grooming a child in preparation for abuse. Sexual abuse is not solely perpetrated by adult males. Women can also commit acts of sexual abuse, as can other children. The sexual abuse of children by other children is a specific safeguarding issue (also known as child-on-child abuse) in education and all staff should be aware of it and of their school or colleges policy and procedures for dealing with it.
- 10.5 **Neglect:** the persistent failure to meet a child's basic physical and/or psychological needs, likely to result in the serious impairment of the child's health or development. Neglect may occur during pregnancy, for example, because of maternal substance abuse. Once a child is born, neglect may involve a parent or carer failing to; provide adequate food, clothing, and shelter (including exclusion from home or abandonment); protect a child from physical and emotional harm or danger; ensure adequate supervision (the use of inadequate caregivers); or ensure access to appropriate medical care or treatment. It may also include neglect of, or unresponsiveness to, a child's basic emotional needs.
- 10.6 **Child Criminal Exploitation:** occurs where an individual or an organised network or gang, and the victim may identify as being part of this group, takes advantage of an imbalance of power to coerce, control, manipulate or deceive a child or young person under the age of 18. The victim may have been criminally exploited even if the activity appears consensual.

Child Criminal Exploitation does not always involve physical contact; it can also occur through the use of technology. Criminal exploitation often happens alongside sexual or other forms of exploitation.

Child Criminal Exploitation is broader than just county lines and includes for instance children forced to work on cannabis farms, to commit theft, shoplift or pickpocket, or to threaten other young people.

- 10.7 **Child sexual exploitation (CSE)** is a type of sexual abuse. It happens when a child or young person is coerced, manipulated or deceived into sexual activity in exchange for things that may need or want like gifts, drugs, money, status and affection.

## 11. Safeguarding issues:

- 11.1 All staff should have an awareness of safeguarding issues that can put children at risk of harm. Behaviours linked to issues such as drug taking and or alcohol misuse, deliberately missing education, unexplainable and/or persistent absences from education and consensual and non-consensual sharing of nudes and semi-nude images and/or videos can be signs that children are at risk.

- 11.2 **Additional Signs Staff May Have Noticed:** Staff are trained to identify a wide range of indicators that may suggest safeguarding concerns, including:

- **Changes in behaviour or mood:** Withdrawal, aggression, anxiety, or sudden changes in personality.
- **Physical indicators:** Unexplained injuries, poor hygiene, or signs of neglect.
- **Disclosures:** Direct or indirect comments made by individuals that raise concern.
- **Online activity:** Signs of cyberbullying, grooming, or inappropriate digital interactions.
- **Attendance patterns:** Frequent absences, lateness, or sudden drop in engagement.
- **Peer relationships:** Isolation from peers, bullying, or unhealthy dynamics.

- 11.3 **Arrangements to Ensure Staff Vigilance and Responsiveness:** To maintain a high level of safeguarding awareness and readiness, the following measures are in place:

- **Regular Training and Refreshers:** All staff receive mandatory safeguarding training, with annual updates and scenario-based refreshers to reinforce practical application.
- **Clear Reporting Pathways:** Staff are familiar with internal reporting procedures, including how to escalate concerns to the Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) or external agencies.
- **Open Communication Culture:** Staff are encouraged to share concerns without fear of reprisal, fostering a proactive and transparent safeguarding environment.
- **Access to Resources:** Staff have access to safeguarding policies, guidance documents, and helplines to support decision-making.
- **Regular Briefings and Updates:** Safeguarding is a standing item in team meetings, ensuring emerging threats or incidents are discussed and addressed promptly.
- **Supervision and Support:** Staff have access to supervision sessions where safeguarding cases can be discussed confidentially and support provided.

Hose Church of England Primary School recognises that online abuse may be a greater issue when children are not in attendance at school and are engaging in learning remotely with limited supervision from parents/carers. As a school, we will provide online guidance and support for parents and children to ensure they understand and are able to manage the risks of exploitation, and/or grooming whilst maintaining our own awareness and vigilance of the signs of online abuse.

- 11.4 The school recognises that sexual harassment, harmful sexual behaviour and sexual violence can occur between children of any age, including in primary settings, and may take place both in person and online. We adopt a zero-tolerance approach to abuse of any kind

and recognise that seemingly low-level behaviours, including sexist language, inappropriate touching, unwanted comments, online harassment, misogynistic attitudes or the sharing of harmful content, should never be dismissed as banter, part of growing up or harmless behaviour.

All incidents and concerns will be taken seriously, recorded appropriately via CPOMS and responded to in line with our safeguarding procedures.

Staff will remain alert to the continuum of behaviours identified in KCSIE 2026, recognising the importance of early intervention, education and support to prevent escalation.

The school promotes a culture of respect, inclusion and safety through its curriculum, behaviour policy, Relationships and Health Education (RHSE), online safety education and wider safeguarding practice. Further information can be found in the following policies:

- Child-on-Child Abuse Policy
- Behaviour Policy and Principles
- Anti-Bullying Policy
- Online Safety Policy
- RSHE & PSHE Policies
- Staff Code of Conduct
- KCSIE 2026, Part Five: Child-on-Child Sexual Harassment and Sexual Violence

- 11.5 Our school ethos demonstrates that the effective safeguarding of children can only be achieved by putting children at the centre of a system where we listen and hear what they say. Every individual within Hose Church of England Primary School will play their part, including working with professionals from other agencies, particularly social workers, to meet the needs of our most vulnerable children and keep them safe. We will take opportunities to teach children about important safeguarding issues in a way that is age appropriate.
- 11.6 Children are encouraged to speak to trusted staff and all children will know that their safety is at the centre of the ethos of the school. Children have the opportunity to share their worries at all times, but also in PSHE lessons, and at other times, using the Worry Boxes and Worry Monsters located in each classroom. The children can raise any general safety worries through the school council child voice opportunities, and through annual child voice surveys. Posters are displayed in key areas around school which have photographs of DSL and DDSL and include the ChildLine and NSPCC phone numbers. We have trained ELSAs who work with children to provide rapid, focused support for children with a wide range of needs. Parents can also raise issues, or concerns via parental surveys or by contacting the DSL or DDSL using their school email addresses.
- 11.7 Our school is led by senior members of staff and governors whose aims are to provide a safe environment and vigilant culture where children and young people can learn and be safeguarded. If there are safeguarding concerns, we will respond with appropriate action in a timely manner for those children who may need help or who may be suffering, or likely to suffer, significant harm.
- 11.8 Where staff members have concerns about a child (as opposed to a child being in immediate danger) they will decide what action to take in conjunction with the Snr Designated Safeguarding Lead. Although we advocate that any staff member can make a referral to children's social care or First Response, especially where a child is identified as being in immediate danger, they should however ensure that the Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL), or a member of the senior leadership team is informed as soon as possible.
- 11.9 We also ensure that all our staff are clear that whilst they should discuss and agree with the DSL any actions to be taken, they are able to escalate their concerns and contact First Response, First Response Consultation Line or social care to seek support for the child if despite the discussion with the DSL their concerns remain. Staff are also informed of the school whistle blowing procedures and the contact details for the Local Authority LADO and NSPCC helpline.

## **12. Alternative providers and other agencies**

- 12.1 Hose Church of England Primary School works with other agencies to support vulnerable children by holding regular meetings in schools, taking part in partnership forums/events, accessing multi-agency training and hosting meetings for individual children and families. The aim being to support better access and involvement for children, and for parents/carers to have increased involvement.
- 12.2 Where a school places a pupil with an alternative provision provider, the school continues to be responsible for the safeguarding of that pupil and should be satisfied that the provider can meet the needs of the pupil.
- 12.3 Children who attend alternative education often have complex needs, it is important governing bodies/trusts and designated safeguarding leads ensure children are fully always supported, and the alternative setting is aware of any additional risks of harm that pupils may be vulnerable to. Information sharing for pupils who receive education provision outside of a mainstream setting is vital to support the child and ensure the learning environment where they are placed has all necessary information for the child before they access the provision. The working together principles are key to keep the child safe and understanding the vulnerabilities needing to be supported. This should include up to date contact details for the professionals working with the child and family.
- 12.4 Whilst the Local Authority may hold a register of approved alternative provision providers the school is however, schools remain ultimately responsible for the provision they commission schools should also obtain written confirmation from the alternative provision provider that appropriate safeguarding checks have been conducted on individuals working at the establishment, i.e., those checks that the school would otherwise perform in respect of its own staff.
- 12.5 If applicable it will be the responsibility of the Headteacher and/or DSL to support the management and review of children in Alternative Provision. This will be done with input and support from the school SENDCo, class teacher and parents as necessary.
- 12.6 The Senior Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) or Headteacher, who is familiar with national and local guidance, will share concerns, where appropriate, with the relevant agencies.
- 12.7 The Safeguarding team at school meet regularly to discuss any safeguarding concerns and the DSL, or in their absence, the DDSL, will make a referral through the LA portal, MARF. This will be done immediately as a concern is raised and is deemed needing immediate support. As an LA school the Safeguarding team are an immediate link and access to them will be made either by 'phone or email.
- 12.8 Schools should always know where a child is based during school hours. This includes having records of the address of the alternative provider and any subcontracted provision or satellite sites the child may attend.
- 12.9 the school will adhere to its own safeguarding policies and procedures when receiving an allegation related to an incident that happened when an individual or organisation was using the school/college premises for the purpose of running activities for children (e.g., community groups, sports associations, or service providers that run extra-curricular activities). Confirming as with any safeguarding allegation, the school/college will follow the safeguarding policies and procedures, including informing the LADO.

## **13. CPD, Culture and Ethos**

- 13.1 All safeguarding policies will be shared with all members of the staff at the start of the year, and training will always be around safeguarding and the latest updates from the KCSiE 2026. Termly updates will be shared from the LA, and any updates from staff training will be shared at regular staff meetings. In our main entrance area of the school, visitor posters and Safeguarding reminder sheets

will be visible. Our policy is available online on our school website and a paper copy can be provided on request to any members of the school community.

Hose Church of England Primary School will endeavour to create, at all times, the right culture and environment so that staff feel comfortable to discuss matters both within, and where it is appropriate, outside of the workplace (including online), which may have implications for the safeguarding of children. As set out in KCSiE 2026 Part Four, it is important that all staff understand the process and procedures to follow if they have a safeguarding concern about another staff member. This can assist employers in supporting staff, where there is a need, and help them manage children's safety and welfare, potentially providing them with information that will help them consider whether there are further measures or changes to procedures that need to be put in place to safeguard children in their care.

13.2 To ensure the safe recruitment of all staff and maintain ongoing vigilance in line with Keeping Children Safe in Education (KCSiE 2026, paragraph 420 – 421), Hose Church of England Primary School has implemented a robust, multi-layered approach that considers risks inside and outside the workplace—including online environments.

#### Safe Recruitment Practices:

- **Pre-appointment vetting checks:** This includes enhanced DBS checks, verifying identity, qualifications, employment history, and right to work in the UK.
- **Professional references:** Must be obtained and verified before offering a position, ensuring gaps in employment are scrutinized.
- **Prohibitions and sanctions:** Schools must check for any restrictions or sanctions against individuals, including those barred from working with children.
- **Recording and documentation:** Every stage of the recruitment process must be documented to demonstrate compliance and transparency.
- **Safer Recruitment Trained Staff:** At least one member of interviewing staff will have a current Safer Recruitment qualification at the time of interview.

#### Ongoing Vigilance and Safeguarding Culture

To foster a safeguarding culture that extends beyond recruitment:

- **Induction and training:** All staff receive safeguarding training, including updates on digital safety, child protection protocols, and whistleblowing procedures.
- **Monitoring and supervision:** Regular performance reviews and safeguarding audits help identify concerns early.
- **Online safety:** The school actively monitors its digital environments, implements a filtering and monitoring system, and educates staff and pupils on digital literacy and online risks such as misinformation and exploitation.
- **AI and emerging technologies:** Staff receive training to understand and mitigate risks associated with AI tools used in education, ensuring ethical and safe use.
- **Reporting mechanisms:** Clear pathways for reporting concerns are advised—whether related to staff behaviour, student welfare, or online threats—are essential.

#### Considering Contexts Inside and Outside the Workplace

KCSiE 2026 emphasises that safeguarding is not confined to school grounds:

- **Staff conduct outside work:** School Policies address expectations for behaviour beyond the workplace, including social media use and are updated and shared with staff at the beginning of the new school year.
- **Community and home environments:** Staff must be alert to signs of harm or neglect that may originate outside school, and know how to escalate concerns appropriately.
- **Gender-questioning children and vulnerable groups:** Updated guidance ensures staff are equipped to support children navigating complex identity issues with sensitivity and care.

## **14. Responsibilities of the DSL / DSL Team**

- 14.1 The Senior DSL and deputies (DSL team) maintains a key role in raising awareness amongst staff about the needs of children who have or who have had a social worker (including those children under kinship care) and the barriers that those children might experience in respect of attendance, engagement and achievement at schools or college. This should include children under kinship care.
- 14.2 The Senior DSL along with the Designated Teacher can inform the Governing body and Headteacher the number of children in their cohort who have or who have had a social worker and appropriate information is shared with teachers and staff on individual children's circumstances.
- 14.3 The Designated Teacher and Senior Designated Safeguarding Lead maintain data for children who have looked after status and for children who have been involved in the care system.
- 14.4 The Designated Teacher maintains good links with the Virtual School Head to promote the educational achievement of looked after and previously looked after children when they are on roll at Hose C of E Primary. The role of virtual school heads was extended in June 2021, to include a non-statutory responsibility for the strategic oversight of the educational attendance, attainment, and progress of children with a social worker. The virtual school head should identify and engage with key professionals, helping them to understand the role they have in improving outcomes for children. This should include Designated Safeguarding Leads, social workers, Headteachers, governors, Special Educational Needs Co-ordinators, mental health leads, other local authority officers.
- 14.5 Children with SEND can have additional safeguarding vulnerabilities. The SEND Code of Practice is a good source of information and support is available from specialist organisations including SENDIASS. The school will work with any support service available to children and families with SEND to ensure their needs are met.

## **15. The seven main elements of our Child Protection Policy**

15.1 There are seven main elements to our policy in line with KCSIE 2026, paragraph 121:

- Providing a safe environment in which children can learn and develop.
- Ensuring we practice safe recruitment in checking the suitability of staff and volunteers to work with children.
- Developing and then implementing procedures for identifying and reporting cases, or suspected cases of abuse in and outside of school.
- Supporting pupils who have social care involvement in accordance with his/her child in need plan, child protection plan or are subject to Local Authority Care.
- Raising awareness of safeguarding children, child protection processes and equipping children with the skills needed to keep them safe in and outside of school.
- Working in partnership with agencies and safeguarding partners in the 'best interest of the child.'
- Ensuring we have appropriate policies and procedures to deal with child-on-child sexual violence and sexual harassment, including those that have happened outside of the school or college premises and/or online, forms of harassment and harmful sexual behaviour. Filtering and monitoring arrangements for online safety and harms are included within the main policy and can also be found in our online safety policy.

## **16. Providing a Safe Environment**

16.1 We recognise that because of the day-to-day contact our school staff have with children they and we are well placed to observe the outward signs of abuse.

16.2 The school will therefore:

- 16.2.1 Establish and maintain an environment where children feel secure, are encouraged to talk, and are listened to and heard.
- 16.2.2 Ensure children know that there are trusted adults in the school who they can approach if they are worried.
- 16.2.3 Ensure that every effort is made to establish effective working relationships with parents, carers, and colleagues from other agencies.
- 16.2.4 Include opportunities in the RSHE curriculum for children to develop the skills they need to recognise and stay safe from abuse by:
- 16.2.5 Recognise and managing risks including online safety, radicalisation and extremism, sexual exploitation, child on child sexual violence and sexual harassment, the sharing of nude and semi-nude images which has replaced what was termed as sexting.
- 16.2.6 Support the development of healthy relationships and awareness of domestic violence and abuse, recognising that Domestic Abuse can encompass a wide range of behaviours and may involve a single incident or a pattern of incidents. That abuse can be, but is not limited to, psychological, physical, sexual, financial, or emotional harm and children can be victims of domestic abuse. They may see, hear, or experience the effects of abuse at home and/or suffer domestic abuse in their own intimate relationships (teenage relationship abuse). All of which can have a detrimental and long-term impact on their health, well-being, development, and ability to learn.
- 16.2.7 Recognising how pressure from others and safeguarding vulnerabilities can affect their behaviour.
- 16.2.8 Recognising the link between mental health, school attendance and children 'absent from education' and the impact on learning, progress, and educational attainment.
- 16.2.9 All staff recognise that mental health problems can, in some cases, develop into safeguarding concerns. This could include self-harm, signs of an eating disorder, suicidal ideation or suicide. They could be an indicator that a child has suffered or is at risk of suffering abuse, neglect or exploitation.
- 16.2.10 Knowing that as a school we will act swiftly to address any concerns related to serious violence, gang and knife crime or child on child sexual violence or sexual harassment incidents.
- 16.2.11 Ensuring our behaviour policy includes measures to prevent bullying, including cyberbullying, harmful online challenges, hoaxes, prejudice-based and discriminatory bullying and use of social media platforms and networks is either included within the main Child protection policy or added as an appendix.
- 16.2.12 Maintain an on-line safety policy which address statutory filtering and monitoring standards, which take into account remote learning, and use of mobile and smart technology and is reviewed regularly to take into account any new threats, such as Generative Artificial Intelligence, are either included within the main Child protection policy or added as an appendix.
- 16.2.13 The response required by schools and safeguarding agencies to address any 'harm outside the home' also known as 'extra familial harm.' Schools are a place of protection and where children and young people can share concerns and seek support and are place of safety and where children and young people can form safe and trusted relationships. Through creating a whole school ethos and sharing excellent communication with safeguarding partners and services, children and young people can feel assured they will be listened to, heard, and offered support to enable them share sensitive information and strengthen their resilience.

16.2.14 Importance of our school ethos of working together with parents, carers, and external services to form strong and trusted partnerships which can advocate trauma informed and trauma aware responses and where trusted relationships can be formed and go on to create safe places and spaces within the community, so children and young people know how to access a place of safety outside of the school/college environment if needed.

16.3 The school engages with harm outside the home through regular communication with children and their parents.

16.4 Where a particular need is identified, our ELSA trained LSAs will work with the child and, where it is deemed necessary, a referral for further support may be made via a MARF, or where a child is at immediate risk of harm, via the First Response Team.

16.5 The school is committed to ensuring that safeguarding is not only a statutory responsibility but a lived reality for all students. Safeguarding is embedded throughout our RSHE curriculum in the following ways:

#### **Curriculum Design and Content**

- **Age-appropriate topics:** RSHE lessons are carefully sequenced to introduce safeguarding themes progressively, including consent, healthy relationships, online safety, and mental health.
- **Explicit safeguarding themes:** Topics such as peer-on-peer abuse, grooming, coercive control, and exploitation (including criminal and sexual) are taught with sensitivity and clarity and within the whole school Jigsaw themes and units.
- **Digital resilience:** Students learn how to navigate online spaces safely, understand the risks of sharing personal information, and recognize harmful online behaviours.

#### **Creating a Safe Learning Environment**

- **Ground rules:** Every RSHE session begins with agreed ground rules to foster respectful dialogue and emotional safety.
- **Trusted adults:** Students are regularly reminded of who they can speak to if they feel unsafe or need support.
- **Anonymous question opportunities:** Tools like worry boxes and worry monsters allow the opportunity for students to ask sensitive questions without fear of embarrassment.

#### **Staff Training and Delivery**

- **Specialist-led sessions:** Where appropriate, external agencies with safeguarding expertise (e.g., NSPCC, local police) deliver sessions to enhance impact.
- **Staff CPD:** All staff involved in RSHE receive regular training on safeguarding, disclosure handling, and trauma-informed practice.
- **Consistency with safeguarding policy:** RSHE delivery aligns with our whole-school safeguarding procedures and reflects current statutory guidance (e.g., Keeping Children Safe in Education).

#### **Student Empowerment and Voice**

- **Reporting mechanisms:** Clear, accessible pathways for reporting concerns are shared and reinforced.
- **Resilience and self-worth:** RSHE promotes emotional literacy, self-esteem, and assertiveness—key protective factors in safeguarding.

#### **Monitoring and Evaluation**

- **Curriculum review:** RSHE content is regularly reviewed to ensure it reflects emerging safeguarding concerns and student needs.
- **Safeguarding audits:** RSHE is included in whole-school safeguarding audits to assess effectiveness and identify areas for improvement.
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16.6 The School will take all reasonable measures to ensure any risk of harm to children's welfare is minimised inside and outside of the school environment.

16.7 Take all appropriate actions to address concerns about the welfare of a child, working to local policies and procedures in full working partnership with agencies.

16.8 Ensure robust child protection arrangements are in place and embedded in the daily life and practice of the school.

16.9 Promote pupil health and safety.

- 16.10 Promote safe practice, and challenge unsafe practice.
- 16.11 Ensure that procedures are in place to deal with allegations of abuse against teachers and other staff including trainee teachers, volunteers, supply staff and contractors. KCSiE Part Four has two sections, the second section addresses low-level concerns.
- 16.12 Provide first aid and meet the health needs of children with medical conditions
- 16.13 Be aware that a child with medical conditions maybe at greater risk of being neglected, abused or exploited because of their medical condition.
- 16.14 Ensure school site security.
- 16.15 Address drugs and substance misuse issues.
- 16.16 Support and plan for young people in custody and their resettlement back into the community.
- 16.17 Work with all agencies regarding missing children, anti-social behaviour/gang activity and violence in the community/knife crime and children at risk of sexual exploitation.
- 16.18 Everyone having a duty to safeguard children inside/outside the school environment including school trips, extended school activities, vocational placements, and alternative education packages.

## 17. Additional Measures

17.1 Considerations will be made, if applicable, regarding the arrangements we have in place for children who receive off- site education or have alternative learning experiences in place to ensure appropriate checks have been carried out and continue to be managed.

17.2 Mental Health issues will be recorded and identified throughout the year via the well-being code on CPOMS, and an over view by the DSL will be shared where appropriate and support will be sought to help pupils particularly where a child has suffered or is at risk of suffering abuse, neglect, or exploitation.

17.3 Hose Church of England Primary School has identified diversity as a key driver and through our curriculum and personal development curriculum we have an ethos, where everyone is welcome. We teach inclusivity, through Jigsaw, our PSHE programme, and we have experience and awareness of how to support children who may be LGBT; ensuring they have a trusted adult who they can be open with. School and KCSiE acknowledge that children who are LGBT may be targeted and informs all that Homophobia, biphobia, and transphobia are not phobias, they are not fears; they are forms of discrimination of or hate towards LGBT people or those perceived to be LGBT and must not be tolerated. ***Guidance may change as the 'Children who are lesbian, gay, bisexual, or gender questioning' section is currently under review pending the outcome of the gender questioning children guidance consultation (DfE, 2023b).***

17.4 Be fully aware of the updates in KCSiE 2026 Annex B page 150 on Child abduction and community safety incidents –We acknowledge that Child abduction is the unauthorised removal or retention of a minor from a parent or anyone with legal responsibility for the child. Child abduction can be committed by parents or other family members; by people known but not related to the victim (such as neighbours, friends, and acquaintances); and by strangers. The school will risk assess any family where we feel there is a risk.

Be vigilant of other community safety incidents in the vicinity of a school which could raise concerns amongst children and parents, for example, people loitering nearby or unknown adults engaging children in conversation.

Teach, as children get older and are granted more independence (for example, as they start walking to school on their own) more practical advice on how to keep themselves safe.

## **18. Procedures for identifying and reporting cases**

18.1 We will follow the procedures set out by the Leicestershire and Rutland Safeguarding Children Partnership (LRSCP) and take account of guidance issued by the DfE in Keeping Children Safe in Education 2026 to:

- 18.1.1 Ensure we have a Senior Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL), who is a member of the school/college leadership team, and a Deputy Safeguarding Lead for child protection/safeguarding who has received appropriate training and support for this role.
- 18.1.2 The Designated Safeguarding Lead role is written into their job description and clarifies the role and responsibilities including as defined in KCSiE 2026 Annex B
- 18.1.3 The Leadership team will ensure that there are appropriate cover arrangements for periods when the designated safeguarding lead is unavailable due to illness, leave, or other circumstances. This will include confidential shared mailbox DSL@ to ensure that safeguarding concerns are received, monitored, and acted upon without delay.
- 18.1.4 Ensure we have a nominated governor responsible for child protection/safeguarding.
- 18.1.5 Ensure that we have a Designated Teacher for Looked After Children (LAC).
- 18.1.6 Ensure every member of staff (including temporary, supply staff, trainee teachers and volunteers) and the governing body knows the name of the Senior Designated Safeguarding Lead, their deputies responsible for child protection, and their role.
- 18.1.7 Ensure all staff and volunteers understand their responsibilities in being alert to the signs of abuse and their responsibility for referring any concerns to the Designated Safeguarding Lead, or to children's social care/police if a child is in immediate danger.
- 18.1.8 Ensure all staff and volunteers are aware of the early help process and understand their role in making referrals or contributing to early help offers and arrangements.
- 18.1.9 Ensure that there is a whistleblowing policy and culture where staff can raise concerns about unsafe practice, and that these concerns will be taken seriously.
- 18.1.10 Ensure that there is a complaints system in place for children and families.
- 18.1.11 Ensure that parents understand the responsibility placed on the school and staff for child protection and safeguarding by setting out its obligations in the school prospectus and on the school's website.
- 18.1.12 Notify Children's Social Care if there is an unexplained absence for a child who is subject to a child protection plan and where no contact can be established with the child, or a parent or appropriate adult linked to the child.
- 18.1.13 Develop effective links with relevant agencies and cooperate as required with their enquiries regarding child protection matters, including attendance at child protection conferences.
- 18.1.14 Keep written records of concerns about children, even where there is no need to refer the matter immediately; documenting and collating information on individual children to support early identification, referral, and actions to safeguard.
- 18.1.15 Ensure all records are kept securely; online using the CPOMS system. Where paper records exist, they will be kept in a confidential file kept separate from the main pupil file. These are kept in a locked cabinet in the Headteacher's office and a note made on CPOMS that paper records exist.
- 18.1.16 Ensure that we follow robust processes to respond when children are missing from education or missing from home or care.
- 18.1.17 Develop and then follow procedures where an allegation is made against a member of staff or volunteer.
- 18.1.18 Ensure safe recruitment practices are always followed.
- 18.1.19 Apply confidentiality appropriately.
- 18.1.20 Apply the LLRSCB escalation procedures if there are any concerns about the actions or inaction of social care staff or staff from other agencies.

## **19. Supporting children and working in Partnership**

19.1 We recognise that children may not feel ready or know how to tell someone that they are being abused, exploited, or neglected, and/or they may not recognise their experiences as harmful. For example, children may feel embarrassed, humiliated, or being threatened. This could be due to their vulnerability, disability and/or sexual orientation or language barriers. We recognise that children who are abused or who witness violence may find it difficult to develop a positive sense of self-worth. They may feel helplessness, humiliation, and some sense of blame. The school may be the only stable, secure, and predictable element in the lives of children at risk. When at school their behaviour may be challenging and defiant or they may be withdrawn. This should not prevent staff from having a professional curiosity and speaking to the DSL if they have concerns about a child. It is also important that staff determine how best to build trusted relationships with children and young people which facilitate communication. We also recognise that there are children who are more vulnerable than others, which include children with special educational needs and or disabilities.

19.2 All staff including volunteers are advised to maintain the attitude of '**it could happen here**' where safeguarding is a concern, and when concerned about the welfare of the child should always act in the **best** interests of the child.

19.3 Our school will endeavour to support the pupil through:

- 19.3.1 Developing the content of the PSHE & RSE curriculum to embed safeguarding issues within it in an age appropriate way.
- 19.3.2 Maintaining a school ethos which promotes a positive, supportive, and secure environment, and which gives pupils a sense of them being valued.
- 19.3.3 The school behaviour policy, anti-bullying policy and child-on-child abuse policy which is kept up to date with national and local guidance and which is aimed at supporting vulnerable pupils in our school.
- 19.3.4 Our school will proactively ensure that all children know that some behaviours are unacceptable and will need to be addressed but as members of our school they are valued and will be supported through the time required to deal with any abuse or harm that has occurred, or outcomes from incidents.
- 19.3.5 Children will be supported through the school's pastoral support framework of teachers and LSAs using a variety of interventions including ELSA support as necessary.
- 19.3.6 Liaison with other agencies that support the pupil such as Children's Social Care (in line with the [Thresholds for access to services](#), updated in September 2021); [Leicestershire Inclusion Service](#) and [Education Psychology Service](#), and the [Children and Family Wellbeing Service](#), etc.
- 19.3.7 Ensuring that, where a pupil leaves and is subject to a child protection plan, child in need plan or where there have been wider safeguarding concerns, their information is transferred to the new school immediately or within **5 working days** and that the child's social worker is informed.
- 19.3.8 Ensuring that the vulnerability of children with special educational needs and or disabilities is recognised and fully supported by the SENDCo and support staff involved with the child/ren.
- 19.3.9 Where a child discloses a concern or informs of an incident that has involved them in an incident involving sexual violence and or sexual harassment the staff member will ensure the child (victim) is taken seriously, kept safe and never be made to feel like they are creating a problem for reporting abuse, sexual violence, or sexual harassment.
- 19.3.10 The staff member if not the designated safeguarding lead (Mrs Lianne Hough) will be informed immediately, and actions taken in accordance with the school/college child-on - child/ sexual violence and sexual harassment between children in the school policy.

## 20. Staff and Safe Recruitment

20.1 The leadership team and governing body of the school will ensure that all safer working practices and recruitment procedures are followed in accordance with the guidance set out in KCSiE 2026 Part Three.

- 20.2 School leaders, staff and members of the governing body will be appropriately trained in safer working practices and access safer recruitment training.
- 20.3 Statutory pre-employment checks and references from previous employers are an essential part of the recruitment process. We will ensure we adopt the appropriate necessary procedures to carry out the checks required and where any concerns arise, we will seek advice and act in accordance with national guidance.
- 20.4 The school, has in place recruitment, selection, and vetting procedures in accordance with KCSiE 2023 Part Three and maintains a Single Central Record (SCR), which is reviewed regularly and updated in accordance with KCSiE 2026 Part Three paragraphs 345 to 349.
- 20.5 All volunteers working in regulated activity will have an enhanced DBS.
- 20.6 Staff will have access to advice on the boundaries of appropriate behaviour and will be aware of the School Employee Code of Conduct, which includes contact between staff and pupils outside the work context. Concerns regarding low-level concerns will be included in our Code of Conduct from 1st September 2026 in line with KCSiE Part Four Section two. A copy is located on the staff board in the corridor outside the staff room. Each staff member will receive an updated paper copy to read before the 1<sup>st</sup> of September and will confirm that they have read and understood the contents.
- 20.7 Newly appointed staff and volunteers will be informed of our arrangements for safer working practices by the Headteacher before beginning working and contact with pupils. All volunteers must now have an enhanced DBS check before undertaking regulated activity in line with The Crime and Policing Act 2026.
- 20.8 In the event of any complaint or allegation against a member of staff, volunteer, contractor or trainee teacher, the Headteacher (or the Designated Safeguarding Lead if the Headteacher is not present), will be notified immediately. If it relates to the Headteacher, the chair of governors will be informed without delay. We will respond to all allegations robustly and appropriately in collaboration with the Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO), LADO Allegation Officers or HR Service.
- 20.9 Staff may find some of the issues relating to child protection and the broader areas of safeguarding upsetting and may need support which should be provided by the school and their Human Resources Team.
- 20.10 Advice and support will be made available by the Safeguarding and Compliance Lead (SCL), LADO and LCC HR where appropriate to the leadership team.
- 20.11 The DSL remains aware that where a school places a pupil with an alternative provision provider, the school continues to be responsible for the safeguarding of that pupil and should be satisfied that the provider meets the needs of the pupil. Schools should obtain written confirmation from the alternative provision provider that appropriate safeguarding checks have been conducted on individuals working at the establishment, i.e., those checks that the school would otherwise perform in respect of its own staff. The DSL will ensure these checks have been made, BEFORE the pupil attends the AP.
- 20.12 Where a school places a pupil with an alternative provision provider, the school continues to be responsible for the safeguarding of that pupil and should be satisfied that the provider meets the needs of the pupil.

## **21. Links to other Local Authority policies**

- 21.1 This policy, together with the following, should be read alongside and in conjunction with other policies and statutory guidance regarding the safety and welfare of children, including those adopted from Leicestershire County Council and the Leicestershire and Rutland Safeguarding Children

Partnership (LRSCP). These together will make up the suite of policies to safeguard and promote the welfare of children in this school.

21.2 The above together with the following will make up the suite of policies to safeguard and promote the welfare of children in this school:

- Attendance Policy
- Online Safety Policy
- Anti-Bullying Policy
- Low Level Concerns Policy
- Recruitment and Selection Policy
- Accessibility Plan
- LAC Policy
- SEND Policy
- Racist Incident Policy
- Positive Behaviour Policy
- Equality Objectives
- First Aid Policy
- Health and Safety Policy
- Whistleblowing Policy

21.3 As a school, we intend to respond to any disclosures or incidents involving sexual violence and child sexual harassment following the NSPCC Learning training breakdown, as seen in detail on their website:

<https://learning.nspcc.org.uk/child-abuse-and-neglect/recognising-and-responding-tohttps://learning.nspcc.org.uk/child-abuse-and-neglect/recognising-and-responding-to-abuseabuse>

Leicestershire and Rutland Safeguarding Children Partnership Policy, Procedures and Practice Guidance link: <https://lrsceb.proceduresonline.com/index.htm>

## 22. Raising Awareness - Roles and Responsibilities

22.1 All staff and volunteers: Safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children is everyone's responsibility. Everyone in our school who comes into contact with children and their families have a role to play in safeguarding children. All staff in our school consider, always, what is in the best interests of children.

22.2 Everyone at our school **can** and should report safeguarding concerns and be able to support children where there are safeguarding concerns. If staff need additional support and training this will be given.

22.3 All staff within our school are particularly important as they are able to identify concerns early and provide help to children to prevent concerns from escalating.

22.4 All staff contribute to providing a safe environment in which children can learn by upholding the principles of this policy and our school ethos and vision. All staff are encouraged to contribute to enable a safe environment both in and when out of schools on trips or extended learning opportunities.

22.5 All our staff are aware of the early help process and understand their role in this. This includes being able to identify emerging problems to recognise children who may benefit from early help. Staff know in the first instance to discuss their concerns with the Designated Safeguarding Lead and understand they may be required to support other agencies and professionals in assessments for early help.

- 22.6 Parents/carers are encouraged to come into school to seek support or advice or to email, should they need to. We signpost children, parents, and carers for support, in school and through our website, posters, newsletters and during meetings and sharing assemblies.
- 22.7 The school will facilitate any meetings between individual children and social workers to ensure any child subject to child protection, child in need and LAC plans are kept safe and have their needs met.
- 22.8 Families are directed to the school website to access further support from school nursing team, contacting social care and a range of other services. Information is also shared via email and newsletter and meetings as appropriate or the need arises.

## **23. Safeguarding Training**

- 23.1 All our staff are aware of systems within Hose Church of England Primary School and these are explained to them as part of staff induction, which include our child protection policy; the employee code of conduct and the role of the Designated Safeguarding Lead and Keeping Children Safe in Education 2023.
- 23.2 Our school utilises an induction checklist when staff are inducted which includes the above, but also other policy and procedural information.
- 23.3 All our staff receive safeguarding and child protection training which is updated every three years. In addition, to this training all staff members receive child protection and safeguarding updates when required, but at least annually.
- 23.4 Our training is provided through Leicestershire Traded Services and SA Safeguarding. Any updates to policies are shared with all staff either in a face to face session or via email as appropriate.
- 23.5 All our staff are aware of the process for making referrals to children's social care and for statutory assessments under the Children Act (1989) and understand the role they may have in these assessments.
- 23.6 The DSL and DDSL will lead this process and support any staff to make a referral, working in partnership especially with social care and the local arrangements put in place by Leicestershire and Rutland Safeguarding Children Partnership (LRSCP) and know how to access the NSCP website and training opportunities.
- 23.7 All our staff know what to do if a child is raising concerns or makes a disclosure of abuse and/or neglect. Staff will maintain a level of confidentiality whilst liaising with the Designated Safeguarding Lead and children's social care. Our staff will never promise a child that they will not tell anyone about a disclosure or allegation, recognising this may not be in the best interest of the child.

## **24. Staff responsibilities**

24.1 All staff have a key role to play in identifying concerns and provide early help for children. To achieve this, they will:

- 24.1.1 Establish and maintain an environment where children feel secure, are encouraged to talk and are listened to.
- 24.1.2 Ensure children know that there are adults in the school who they can approach if they are worried or have concerns.
- 24.1.3 Plan opportunities within the curriculum for children to develop the skills they need to assess and manage risk appropriately and keep themselves safe.
- 24.1.4 Lead and ensure robust arrangements and procedures are in place to effectively manage and regularly monitor the school online safety, and specifically appropriate filtering and monitoring on school devices and school networks which are reflected in this Child

- Protection Policy, including awareness of ease of access to mobile phone networks. In agreement with the *Governing body*
- 24.1.5 Attend training to be aware of and alert to the signs of abuse.
  - 24.1.6 Maintain an attitude of “it could happen here” with regards to safeguarding.
  - 24.1.7 Record their concerns if they are worried that a child is being abused and report these to the DSL as soon as practical that day. If the DSL is not contactable immediately a Deputy DSL should be informed.
  - 24.1.8 Be prepared to refer directly to social care, and the police if appropriate, if there is a risk of significant harm and the DSL or their Deputy is not available.
  - 24.1.9 Follow the allegations procedures if the disclosure is an allegation against a member of staff, volunteer, trainee teacher or an individual not directly employed by the school; for example, supply teachers and sports coaches.
  - 24.1.10 Follow the procedures set out by the LRSCP and take account of guidance issued by the DfE KCSiE 2026.
  - 24.1.11 Support pupils in line with their child protection plan, child in need plan, LAC Care Plan.
  - 24.1.12 Treat information with confidentiality but never promising to “keep a secret.”
  - 24.1.13 Notify the DSL or their Deputy of any child on a child protection plan or child in need plan who has unexplained absence.
  - 24.1.14 Understand early help and be prepared to identify and support children who may benefit from early help, to include children who are frequently missing/goes missing from education, home or care, has experienced multiple suspensions, is at risk of being permanently excluded from schools, colleges and in alternative provision or a pupil referral unit, has a parent or carer in custody or is affected by parental offending.
  - 24.1.15 Liaise with other agencies that support pupils and provide early help.
  - 24.1.16 Ensure they know who the DSL and Deputy DSLs are and know how to contact them.
  - 24.1.17 Have an awareness of the Child Protection Policy, the Behaviour Policy, the Staff Behaviour Policy (or Code of Conduct), procedures relating to the safeguarding response for children who go missing from education and the role of the DSL.
  - 24.1.18 Engage in learning opportunities or partnership work with such as the NSPCC, Police Community Support Officers (PCSOs), any counselling services used, Health professionals etc.
  - 24.1.19 Be alert to the needs of young carers, recognising that caring responsibilities can impact on their attendance, attainment, behaviour and wellbeing. Early identification is essential to ensure young carers receive support, at the right time and by the appropriate services including additional support from external partners, or local authority and health services.

## **25. Senior Leadership/Management Team responsibilities:**

- 25.1 Contribute to inter-agency working in line with HM Working Together to Safeguard Children 2018 (updated December 2020) guidance.
- 25.2 Provide a co-ordinated offer of early help when additional needs of children are identified.
- 25.3 Ensure all staff, supply staff and volunteers are alert to the definitions of abuse and indicators, and through access to regular training opportunities and updates.
- 25.4 Ensure staff are alert to the various factors that can increase the need for early help.
- 25.5 Working with Children’s Social Care, support their assessment and planning processes including the school’s attendance at conference and core group meetings as appropriate.
- 25.6 Carry out tasks delegated by the governing body such as training of staff and volunteers, safer recruitment and maintaining of a single central register.
- 25.7 Provide support and advice on all matters pertaining to safeguarding and child protection to all staff regardless of their position within the school.
- 25.8 Treat any information shared by staff or pupils with respect and follow agreed policies and procedures.

- 25.9 Ensure that allegations or concerns against staff including low-level concerns are dealt with in accordance with guidance from Department for Education (DfE KCSiE 2026 Part Four 'Allegations made against/Concerns raised in relation teachers including supply teachers, other staff, volunteers, and contractors in Sections One and Two.
- 25.10 Leicestershire and Rutland Safeguarding Children Partnership (LRSCP) and Leicestershire County Council (LCC).
- 25.11 With reference to KCSiE 2026 paragraphs 214 to 223, 'Children potentially at greater risk of harm and Children who need a social worker due to safeguarding or welfare needs'. Our school, will work with social care and agencies to address safeguarding and child protection concerns.

## **26. Teachers (including ECTs) and Headteachers – Professional Duty**

- 26.1 The Teachers Standards 2012 (updated 13 December 2021) remind us that teachers, newly qualified teachers and Headteachers should safeguard children and maintain public trust in the teaching profession as part of our professional duties.
- 26.2 The Children and Social Work Act of 2017, places responsibilities for Designated Teacher to have responsibility for promoting the educational achievement of children who have left care through adoption, special guardianship, or child arrangement orders or who were adopted from state care outside England and Wales.
- 26.3 Information regarding the assigned designated teacher for children who have left care can be found on our school website. Any changes to the position will be communicated to parents by email and via the school website and termly newsletter.

## **27. Designated Safeguarding Lead**

- 27.1 We have a Senior Designated Safeguarding Lead who takes lead responsibility for safeguarding children and child protection who has received appropriate training and support for this role. The Designated Safeguarding Lead is a senior member of the school leadership team, and their responsibilities are explicit in their job description.
- 27.2 We also have 2 Deputy Designated Safeguarding Leads (DDSL), who will provide cover for the Designated Safeguarding Lead when they are not available. Our Deputy Designated Safeguarding Leads have received the same training as our Designated Safeguarding Lead. They will provide additional support to ensure the responsibilities for child protection and safeguarding children are fully embedded within the school ethos and that specific duties are discharged. They will assist the Designated Safeguarding Lead in managing referrals, attending child protection conferences, reviews, core group meetings and other meetings of a safeguarding and protection nature to support the child/children.
- 27.3 All DSL's have completed the required training and are overseen by the Snr Designated Safeguarding Lead, to ensure child protection responsibilities to meet the needs of children / young people on roll are fulfilled. Refresher training takes place every 2 years for DSL & DDSL's. A training matrix is held in the school office and updated regularly.
- 27.4 We acknowledge the need for effective and appropriate communication between all members of staff in relation to safeguarding pupils. Our Designated Safeguarding Lead will ensure there is a structured procedure within the school, which will be followed by all the members of the school community in cases of suspected abuse.

## **28. The Senior Designated Safeguarding Lead is expected to:**

### **28.1 Manage Referrals:**

- 28.1.1 Refer cases of suspected abuse or allegations to the relevant investigating agencies.
- 28.1.2 Support staff who make referrals to children's social care and other referral pathways.
- 28.1.3 Refer cases where a person is dismissed or left due to risk/harm to a child and will make a referral to the Disclosure and Barring Service. There must be procedures in place to make a referral to the Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) if a person in regulated activity has been dismissed or removed due to safeguarding concerns or would have been had they not resigned. This is a legal duty and failure to refer when the criteria are met is a criminal offence (paragraphs 154 and 348).

28.2 Ensure arrangements are in place year-round for all staff and volunteers to seek advice, support and inform of safeguarding concerns, or incidents and disclosures that inform children are at risk of harm, or abuse, harm or bullying or sexual harm or harassment has occurred.

28.3 Ensure appropriate systems are in place to manage and address online safety, access to mobile phone networks, especially for those children who are potentially at greater risk of harm, abuse, and exploitation and refer concerns where required linked to the PREVENT duty.

28.4 The Senior DSL and DSL team to meet on a regular basis so each is fully informed and able to respond to the needs of children subject to safeguarding concerns.

28.5 The DSL will ensure the school supports vulnerable children and children subject to safeguarding concerns, see KCSiE 2026 Part One for specific areas of a safeguarding vulnerability.

The Senior DSL remains responsible for oversight children on placements or alternative education arrangements.

### **28.6 Work with others**

- 28.6.1 Liaise with the Headteacher (where the Senior Designated Safeguarding Lead role is not carried out by the Headteacher) to inform him/her of any issues and ongoing investigations.
- 28.6.2 As required, liaise with the 'case manager' (as per Part Four of KCSiE 2023) and the LADO where there are child protection concerns/allegations that relate to a member of staff.
- 28.6.3 Liaise with the case manager and the LADO/LADO Allegation Officer where there are concerns about a staff member.
- 28.6.4 Liaise with staff on matters of safety and safeguarding and deciding when to make a referral by liaising with other agencies and acts as a source of support, advice, and expertise for other staff.
- 28.6.5 Take part in strategy discussions or attend inter-agency meetings and/or support other staff to do so and to contribute to the assessment of children.
- 28.6.6 Liaise with the local authority and other agencies in line with Working Together to Safeguard Children 2018 (updated December 2020) and the local Leicestershire Safeguarding Children Partnership procedures and practice guidance.
- 28.6.7 The Headteacher, designated safeguarding leads and governing body/trust are aware of the local arrangements put in place by Leicestershire and Rutland Safeguarding Children Partnership (LRSCP) and know how to access the LRSCP website and training.

28.7 The DSL will feedback information to other staff to help raise awareness of emerging threats and risks. The DSL/ staff team contributes to developing the curriculum and learning experiences for children and staff through staff meetings, bulletins, staff notice board, briefings, and arranging additional classroom learning opportunities.

28.8 School staff liaise with outside agencies, such as police, NSPCC etc., to plan and deliver specific sequences of lessons as appropriate.

## 28.9 Undertake training

28.9.1 Formal Designated Safeguarding Lead training will be undertaken at least every two years. Informal training and updating of knowledge and skills will be at regular intervals, undertaken at least annually.

28.9.2 The Senior Designated Safeguarding Lead is responsible for their own training and should obtain access to resources or any relevant refresher training.

28.9.3 The Senior Designated Safeguarding Lead is also responsible for ensuring all other staff with designated safeguarding responsibilities access up to date and timely safeguarding training and maintains a register or data base to evidence the training.

28.10 Whole school awareness training took place as part of inset training in August 2026. All new staff who join the school mid-year will receive appropriate safeguarding training through High Speed Training and by the DSL.

## 28.11 The training undertaken should enable the Designated Safeguarding Lead to:

28.11.1 Understand the assessment process for providing early help and intervention through the Thresholds to access to services.

28.11.2 Have a working knowledge of how the Leicestershire and Rutland Safeguarding Children Partnership operates, the conduct of a child protection conference, and be able to attend and contribute to these effectively when required to do so.

28.11.3 Ensure that each member of staff has access to the child protection policy and procedures.

28.11.4 Understand the lasting impact that adversity and trauma can have, including on children's behaviour, mental health and wellbeing, and what is needed in responding to this in promoting educational outcomes

28.11.5 Be alert to the specific needs of children in need, including those with special educational needs and or disabilities and young carers.

28.11.6 Be able to keep detailed, accurate, secure written records of concerns, decisions and referrals.

28.11.7 Understand the Prevent Duty and provide advice and support to staff on protecting and preventing children from the risk of radicalisation and being grooming into extremist behaviours and attitudes (KCSiE 2026 Annex A and B).

28.11.8 Understand the reporting requirements for FGM.

28.11.9 Understand and support children to keep safe when online and when they are learning at home (KCSiE 2026 Part Two – The Management of Safeguarding)

28.11.10 Encourage a culture of protecting children, listening to children and their wishes and feelings.

## 28.12 Raise awareness:

28.12.1 Ensure that the child protection policies are known, understood, and used appropriately.

28.12.2 Ensure that the child protection policy is reviewed annually in consultation with staff members, and procedures are updated and reviewed regularly and implemented, and that the governing body is kept up to date and actively involved.

28.12.3 Work strategically to ensure policies and procedures are up to date and drive and support development work within the school.

28.12.4 Ensure that the child protection policy is available to parents and carers and uploaded to the school website and make parents/carers aware that referrals may be made about suspected abuse or neglect.

- 28.12.5 Ensure all staff receive induction training covering child protection before working with children and can recognise and report any concerns immediately as they arise.

## **29. Child Protection file**

The Senior Designated Safeguarding Lead is responsible for:

- 29.1 ensuring that when a child leaves the school or college their 'child protection,' 'child in need' file or 'confidential' file is transferred to the new school or college at the same time the child goes on roll of its new school or education provision.
- 29.2 Keeping a record of the number of children open and subject to CP, CiN and LAC concerns is maintained and shared with the governing body annually.
- 29.3 A record or data on the cohort of children having or have had a social worker and social care involvement will be maintained.
- 29.4 Our school will maintain, keep and storing records, where a concern about a child has been identified in accordance with statutory guidance in KCSiE 2026.
- 29.5 Staff are required to log concerns on the CPOMS system. All members of the school's staff are users on the system and can access it from any computer with an internet connection. Staff are required to alert all the DSLs by tagging an incident on CPOMS. When a child leaves the school, if the receiving school also uses CPOMS, files can be securely transferred electronically. If the receiving school does not use CPOMS, files are printed and are taken personally to the receiving school and if further away sent by recorded post or securely by email using an encryption service such as Egress. The receiving school is expected to sign for all transfers and a copy is retained by us.
- 29.6 During term time the Snr DSL (or a deputy DSL) will always be available during school hours for staff to discuss any safeguarding concerns. For any concerns out of school activities the Snr DSL will be available to contact via email or telephone. The school website has a [contact form](#) to report any safeguarding concerns, this is sent through to the [DSL@hose.leics.sch.uk](mailto:DSL@hose.leics.sch.uk) email address which is diverted to the Snr DSL at all times.

## **30. Headteacher**

### **30.1 The Headteacher of the school will ensure that:**

- 30.1.1 The policies and procedures adopted by the governing body, (particularly those concerning referrals of cases of suspected abuse, neglect and exploitation), are understood, and followed by **all** staff.
- 30.1.2 The school maintains an up-to-date Single Central Record (SCR) which is reviewed regularly and is compliant with statutory guidance.
- 30.1.3 Sufficient resources and time are allocated to enable the Designated Safeguarding Lead and other staff to discharge their responsibilities, including taking part in strategy discussions and inter-agency meetings, and contributing to the assessment of children.
- 30.1.4 All staff and volunteers feel able to raise concerns about poor or unsafe practice with regard to children, and such concerns are addressed sensitively and effectively in a timely manner in accordance with agreed whistle-blowing policies.
- 30.1.5 The Headteacher will ensure all staff including supply teachers and volunteers have access to and read and understand the requirements placed on them through: - the school Child Protection Policy; the Staff Code of Conduct Policy.

- 30.1.6 The Headteacher will ensure there are mechanisms in place to assist staff to fully understand and discharge their role and responsibilities as set out in KCSiE 2026.
- 30.1.7 Where there is an allegation made against a member of staff (either paid or unpaid, including volunteers) that meets the criteria for a referral to the LADO, then the Headteacher or principal will refer the allegation immediately to the LADO (within 24 hours) and ensure that cases are managed as per Part Four: Allegations made against/Concerns raised in relation to teachers, including supply teachers, other staff, volunteers, and contractors in KCSiE 2026. If the allegation is against the Headteacher/Principal, then the Chair of the Governing Body will manage the allegation – see below.

## 31. Governing Body

- 31.1 We recognise our Governing body has a strategic leadership responsibility for our *school's* safeguarding arrangements and must ensure they comply with their duties under legislation and must have regarding to KCSiE 2026, ensuring policies, procedures and training in our *school* are effective and always comply with the law.
- 31.2 The governing body will be collectively responsible for ensuring that safeguarding arrangements are fully embedded within the school's ethos and reflected in the school's day to day safeguarding practices by:
- 31.2.1 Ensuring there is an individual member of the governing body to take leadership responsibility for safeguarding and champion child protection issues in the school.
  - 31.2.2 Ensuring that the school has effective policies and procedures in line with statutory guidance (Working Together to Safeguard Children 2023) as well as with local LRSCP guidance and monitors the school's compliance with them.
  - 31.2.3 Ensuring that safeguarding policies and procedures are in place for appropriate action to be taken in a timely manner to promote a child's welfare.
  - 31.2.4 Recognising the importance of information sharing between agencies through the statutory guidance provided within KCSiE 2026 page 38, 138 to 150 and annex B page 183.
  - 31.2.5 Ensuring cooperation with the local authority and other safeguarding partners
  - 31.2.6 Appointing a Senior Designated Safeguarding Lead from the leadership team to take lead responsibility for child protection/safeguarding and that a Designated Teacher for Looked After Children is appointed and appropriately trained.
  - 31.2.7 Ensuring that all staff, supply teachers and governors read and fully understand at least KCSiE 2026 Part One and or Annex A as a minimum and ensure that there are mechanisms in place to assist staff to understand and discharge their role and responsibilities as required within the guidance.
  - 31.2.8 Ensuring that the governing body understands it is collectively responsible for the school's safeguarding arrangements, even though a governor will be nominated as the 'Safeguarding Governor' and person who will champion all safeguarding requirements.'
  - 31.2.9 All members of the governing body will undertake safeguarding training to ensure they have the knowledge and information needed to equip them with the knowledge to provide strategic challenge to test and assure themselves that the safeguarding policies and procedures in place are effective and support the delivery of robust 'safeguarding arrangements and act as the 'critical friend'. This training must focus on their strategic role and not on operational procedures.

- 31.2.10 The Chair of Governors and named Safeguarding Governor will access role specific training to enable them to comply and discharge their child protection/ safeguarding responsibilities including should any allegations be made against the Headteacher/ Principal.
- 31.2.11 The Governing body will collectively ensure there is a training strategy in place for all staff, including the Headteacher, so that child protection training is undertaken and refreshed in line with KCSiE 2023 and LRSCP guidance.
- 31.2.12 Ensuring that staff undergo safeguarding child protection training at induction and that there are arrangements in place for staff to be regularly updated to ensure that safeguarding remains a priority.
- 31.2.13 Ensuring that temporary staff and volunteers who work with children are made aware of the school's arrangements for child protection and their responsibilities
- 31.2.14 Ensuring there are procedures in place to manage allegations against staff and exercise disciplinary functions in respect of dealing with a complaint KCSiE 2026 Part Four.
- 31.2.15 Ensuring that arrangements/procedures are in place to manage and provide clarity on the process for sharing 'low level' concerns, which should be referred to within the school/college Staff Code of Conduct, (Allegations and concerns about a staff member that after initial consideration by the 'case manager' do not meet the criteria for a referral to LADO).
- 31.2.16 Ensuring a response if there is an allegation against the Headteacher by liaising with the LADO or other appropriate officers within the local authority.
- 31.2.17 Ensuring appropriate responses to children who go missing from education, particularly on repeat occasions, to help identify the risk of abuse, including child sexual exploitation and going missing in future.
- 31.2.18 Be aware of the issues involving the complexity of serious violence and sexual violence and sexual harassment between children and ensure the school has policy, procedures and staff are trained (including the DSL and Senior Leadership) to recognise and respond to incidents and resources to manage actions and support for those involved.
- 31.2.19 Be alert and respond to harmful online challenges and hoaxes, including providing information and advice to parents and carer and informing where to get help and support.
- 31.2.20 Be alert to the growing concerns involving knife crime and ensure the school works closely with the police and safeguarding partners to raise awareness of the impact of such crime and adopt proactive practice to address concerns locally and within the community.
- 31.2.21 Ensuring appropriate filters and monitoring systems are in place to protect children online and children are taught about keeping safe online through the curriculum.
- 31.2.22 Giving staff the opportunities to contribute and shape safeguarding arrangements and child protection policy.
- 31.2.23 When the school's premises are used for non-school/college activities the Governing body/trust will seek assurances that the body concerned has appropriate safeguarding and child protection policies and procedures in place, and inspect them as needed, including liaising with the Headteacher. This will apply regardless of whether or not children who attend the provision are on the school or college roll.

- 31.2.24 Any safeguarding concerns involving outside organisations will be addressed through our school/college safeguarding policies and procedures and in line with Leicestershire Safeguarding Children Partnership procedures.
- 31.2.25 Prevent people who pose a risk of harm from working with children by adhering to statutory responsibilities to check staff who work with children, making decisions about additional checks and ensuring volunteers are supervised as required.
- 31.2.26 Ensure at least one person on an interview panel has completed safer recruitment training.
- 31.2.27 Inform any new prospective employees' candidate that our school will carry out online checks (KCSiE 2026 Part Three Safer Recruitment).
- 31.2.28 Recognising that certain children are more vulnerable than others, such as looked after children and children with special educational needs and disabilities.
- 31.2.29 Be open to accepting that child abuse and incidents can happen within the school and be available to act decisively upon them.

## **32. Looked After Children – The Role of Designated Teacher and the Designated Safeguarding Lead**

- 32.1 A teacher is appointed who has responsibility for promoting the educational achievement of children who are looked after. They have the appropriate training. The Designated Teacher will work with the Virtual School to ensure that the progress of the child is supported.
- 32.2 The Designated Safeguarding Lead will also have details of the child's social worker and the name of the Head of the Virtual School. The Designated Safeguarding Lead will work closely with the Designated Teacher, as we recognise that children may have been abused or neglected before becoming looked after. We will ensure their ongoing safety and wellbeing as well as supporting their education, through linking with their social worker, carers, and parents where appropriate.
- 32.3 We also recognise those children who were previously Looked-After potentially remain vulnerable and all staff will be informed of the importance of maintaining support for them through our school pastoral system. As a school we will continue to recognise the importance of working with agencies and take prompt actions where necessary to safeguard these children, who may remain vulnerable.
- 32.4 The Head of the Virtual school includes responsibility for promoting the educational achievement of children in kinship care. Our school recognises that these children may require additional support to be successful in school.
- 32.5 Currently our school have no pupils who are looked after. Although we are aware that this could change at any time. In that instance we would ensure that we respond to the child/ren's needs and in accordance with local LRSCP procedures and KCSiE 2026 (paragraph 233-244).

## **33. Children with Special Educational Needs**

- 33.1 We recognise that children with special educational needs (SEN) and or disabilities can face additional safeguarding challenges on and offline. Children with SEN and or disabilities are especially vulnerable when identifying concerns due to their impaired capacity to resist or avoid abuse. They may have speech, language and communication needs which may make it difficult to tell others what is happening.

- 33.2 All staff are aware that additional barrier can exist when recognising abuse, neglect and exploitation for children with SEND and be more prone to peer group isolation or bullying (including prejudice-based bullying) than other children. They may not always show outward signs and may have communications barriers and difficulties in reporting challenges, especially involving exploitation or incidents involving child-on-child harm, abuse, or harassment and particularly where that harassment or harm is of a sexual nature. Our staff's vigilance will be a supporting factor to keeping all children safe.
- 33.3 We will also offer additional pastoral support and attention for these children, along with ensuring any appropriate support for communication is in place. Reference will be made to SEND and Supporting Pupils at School with Medical Conditions. as appropriate.
- 33.4 Our policy reflects the fact that additional barriers can exist when recognising abuse, neglect and exploitation in this group of children which include:
- 33.4.1 assumptions that indicators of possible abuse such as behaviour, mood and injury relate to the child's disability without further exploration.
  - 33.4.2 these children being more prone to peer group isolation or bullying (including prejudice-based bullying) than other children, the potential for children with SEND or certain medical conditions being disproportionately impacted by behaviours such as bullying, without outwardly showing any signs,
  - 33.4.3 communication barriers and difficulties in managing or reporting these challenges risks that they do not understand that what is happening to them is abuse,
  - 33.4.4 the need for intimate care or that these children are isolated from others,
  - 33.4.5 that these children are more likely to be dependent on adults for care, and
  - 33.4.6 these children may have issues over cognitive understanding – being unable to understand the difference between fact and fiction in online content and then repeating the content/behaviours in schools or colleges or the consequences of doing so.
- 33.5 addressing individual behaviour concerns and incidents considering the child's SEN and disabilities.
- 33.5.1 recognising and having in place additional support for example to teach, advise, mentor and support children with SEND from online harms, hoaxes, bullying, grooming and radicalisation and enable them to have confidence and the ability to stay safe online, either in schools or outside the school environment.
- 33.6 Guidance on the use of restrictive interventions is contained within the school policy 'Hose C of E Use of Restrictive Interventions'

## 34. Acting where concerns are identified

- 34.1 Our staff recognise the difference between concerns about a child and a child in immediate danger.
- 34.2 If staff have concerns about a child, they will need to decide what action to take. A discussion should take place with the Senior Designated Safeguarding Lead, to agree a course of action.
- 34.3 If a child is in immediate danger or risk of harm a referral will be made immediately to First Response and/or immediately to the police if at imminent risk of harm by the member of staff if required, with the Designated Safeguarding Lead being informed of the referral.
- 34.4 If a child chooses to tell a member of staff about alleged abuse, there are several actions that staff will undertake to support the child:
- 34.4.1 The key facts will be established in language that the child understands, and the child's words will be used in clarifying/expanding what has been said.
  - 34.4.2 No promises will be made to the child, e.g., to keep secrets.
  - 34.4.3 Staff will stay calm and be available to listen.
  - 34.4.4 Staff will actively listen with the utmost care to what the child is saying.

- 34.4.5 Where questions are asked, this should be done without pressurising, and only using open questions.
- 34.4.6 Leading questions should be avoided as much as possible.
- 34.4.7 Questioning should not be extensive or repetitive.
- 34.4.8 Staff will not/ should not put words in the child's mouth but will subsequently note the main points carefully.
- 34.4.9 A full written record will be kept by the staff duly signed and dated, including the time the conversation with the child took place, outline what was said, comment on the child's body language etc.
- 34.4.10 It is not appropriate for staff to make children write statements about abuse that may have happened to them or get them to sign the staff record.
- 34.4.11 Staff will reassure the child and let them know that they were right to inform them and inform the child that this information will now have to be passed on.
- 34.4.12 The Designated Safeguarding Lead will be immediately informed unless the disclosure has been made to them.
- 34.4.13 Information should be shared with children's social care without delay, either to the child's own social worker or to First Response. Children's Social Care will liaise with the police where required, which will ensure an appropriate police officer response rather than a uniformed response.
- 34.4.14 The Police would only therefore be contacted directly in an emergency or if a child is in immediate risk of harm, abuse, or danger.

**Staff should never attempt to carry out an investigation of suspected child abuse by interviewing the child or any others involved especially if a criminal act is thought to have occurred. The only people who should investigate child abuse and harm are Social Care, Police, or the NSPCC.**

## **35. Confidentiality**

- 35.1 We recognise that all matters relating to child protection are confidential; however, a member of staff must never guarantee confidentiality to children; children will not be given promises that any information about an allegation will not be shared.
- 35.2 Where there is a child protection concern it will be passed immediately to the Designated Safeguarding Lead and/or to children's social care. When a child is in immediate danger children's social care/the police will be contacted.
- 35.3 The Headteacher or Senior Designated Safeguarding Lead will disclose personal information about a pupil to other members of staff, including the level of involvement of other agencies, only on a 'need to know' basis.
- 35.4 All staff are aware that they have a professional responsibility to share information with other agencies in order to safeguard children. They are aware that the Data Protection Act 1998 should not be a barrier to sharing of information where failure to do so would result in a child being placed at risk of harm. Staff should refer to the DfE Data Protection guidance for schools (DfE, 2025b).
- 35.5 We acknowledge further guidance can be found by visiting Leicestershire and Rutland Safeguarding Children Partnership website: <https://lrsb.org.uk/>

## **36. Information Sharing**

- 36.1 Effective sharing of information between practitioners and local organisations and agencies is essential for early identification of need, assessment, and service provision to keep children safe. Serious Case Reviews (SCRs) now known as Rapid Reviews (RRs) have highlighted that missed opportunities to record and thereby understand the significance of sharing information in a timely manner can have severe consequences for the safety and welfare and well-being of children (Working Together to Safeguard Children December 2023).
- 36.2 We will adopt the information sharing principles detailed in statutory safeguarding guidance contained within:

- 36.2.1 DfE KCSiE 2026 has several sections which provide clarity on information sharing processes and GDPR including within Annex B which makes clear the powers to hold and use information when promoting children's welfare.
- 36.2.2 Working Together to Safeguard Children 2023 Paragraph 19 to 37 and on pages 17-20.
- 36.2.3 Information Sharing: Advice for practitioners providing safeguarding services to children, young people, parents, and carers (which has been updated to reflect the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) and Data Protection Act 2018.
- 36.2.4 Leicestershire and Rutland Safeguarding Children Partnership (LRSCP) Policy and Practice Guidance.
- 36.2.5 Staff, including Governors, also have yearly GDPR training to support their understanding of information sharing.

## **37. Records and Monitoring**

(KCSiE 2026 paragraphs 72 to 73, Part Four, Part Five, Annex B)

- 37.1 Any concerns about a child will be recorded on CPOMS within 24 hours. All records will provide a factual and evidence-based account and there will be accurate recording of any actions. CPOMS records are reported under individual staff names, dated, timed and, where appropriate, witnessed. Where an opinion or professional judgement is recorded this should be clearly stated as such. As well as keeping records of concerns, discussions and decisions, designated safeguarding leads will record the rationale for any decisions made.
- 37.2 At no time should an individual teacher/member of staff or school be asked to or consider taking photographic evidence of any injuries or marks to a child's person; this type of behaviour could lead to the staff member being taken into managing allegations procedures. The body maps should be used in accordance with recording guidance and to support clarity for example of areas of injury, marks and bruising and or touching.
- 37.3 Any concerns should be reported and recorded without delay to the appropriate safeguarding services e.g., First Response or the child's social worker if already an open case to social care.
- 37.4 A chronology will be kept in the main school file prior to the commencement of a concern file. Staff, particularly pastoral staff, will record any minor concerns on the chronology and will take responsibility for alerting the Designated Safeguarding Lead should the number of concerns rise or, in their professional judgement, become significant. At the point at which a concern file (see below) is commenced then the chronology can be transferred to the concern file.
- 37.5 Safeguarding, child protection and welfare concerns that are recorded on paper (letters etc.) will either be scanned into CPOMS or recorded and kept in a separate secure pupil 'concern' file which will be securely stored and away from the main pupil file.
- 37.6 Where documentation is kept in a separate paper file, it will be referenced in CPOMS to ensure all information is readily accessible in the event of any concerns.
- 37.7 Our school will ensure all our files will be available for external scrutiny for example by a regulatory agency or because of a serious case review or audit.

## 38. Why recording is important

- 38.1 Our staff will be encouraged to understand why it is important that recording is comprehensive and accurate and what the messages from serious case reviews are in terms of recording and sharing information. It is often when a chronology of information is pieced together that the level of concern escalates or the whole or wider picture becomes known.
- 38.2 Our school, Hose Church of England Primary School, uses CPOMS to ensure all concerns are logged chronologically. We have ensured that all aspects of CPOMS recording meets the requirements of the documentation for recording concerns about children and that Governors are satisfied that it is robust, secure and appropriate.
- 38.3 We acknowledge without information being recorded it can be lost. This could be crucial information, the importance of which is not always necessarily apparent at the time. On occasions, this information could be crucial evidence to safeguard a child or be evidence in future criminal prosecutions.

## 39. The Child Protection (CP), Child in Need (CiN) or Confidential file

(KCSiE 2026 Annex B page 183.)

The establishment of a Child Protection, CiN or Confidential Safeguarding file, which is separate from the child's main school file, is an important principle in terms of storing and collating information about children which relates to either a child protection or safeguarding concern or an accumulation of concerns about a child's welfare which are outside of the usual range of concerns which relate to ordinary life events. It should be borne in mind that what constitutes a 'concern' for one child may not be a 'concern' for another and the child's particular circumstances will need to be taken into account for example if a child is subject to a child protection plan, CiN plan or has looked after status (LAC). Professional judgement will therefore be an important factor when making this decision and will need clear links between pastoral staff and those with Designated Safeguarding Lead responsibilities in school.

39.1 A 'child protection' or 'confidential' file should be commenced in the event of:

- A referral to First Response/Children's Social Care.
- A number of minor concerns on the child's main school file.
- Any child open to social care.

39.2 All 'child protection' or 'confidential' file should contain the following:

- A front sheet.
- A chronology.
- A record of concern in more detail and body map, where appropriate.
- A record of concerns and issues shared by others.

The school uses CPOMS to log all concerns and interactions with safeguarding services. The electronic record is automatically set up to record in accordance with statutory guidance.

39.3 The school will *keep electronic records of* concerns about children even where there is no need to refer the matter to First Response/Children's Social Care (or similar) immediately.

39.4 Records will be kept up to date and reviewed regularly by the Snr Designated Safeguarding Lead, to evidence and support actions taken by staff in discharging their safeguarding arrangements. Original notes will be retained (but clearly identified as such) as this is a contemporaneous account; they may be important in any criminal proceedings arising from current or historical allegations of abuse or neglect.

39.5 The 'confidential' file can be active or non-active in terms of monitoring i.e., a child is no longer LAC, subject to a child protection plan or EHAF and marked as monitored or closed on CPOMS as required. If future concerns arise, they can be re-activated and can be marked as being open and monitored.

#### **40. Transfer of child's child protection file, child in need, LAC, or confidential file (statutory requirement):**

- 40.1 Our school will adopt the file transfer guidance contained in KCSiE 2026 and ensure when a child moves school/education provision their child protection/confidential file is sent securely to their new educational setting when the child starts/ leaves the school/academy.
- 40.2 For those children subject of social care and safeguarding agency involvement will ensure the file is able to evidence the child's journey and include key information as described in KCSiE 2026 Should a child subject to social care involvement transfer schools, college, or education provider we will ensure the child's child protection or confidential file move is transferred within 5 days as required by KCSiE.
- 40.3 Our Senior DSLs will liaise directly with the receiving school, college or alternative placement and hold a discussion to share important information to support the child's transfer to ensure the child remains safeguarded, has any 'reasonable adjustments' agreed, and put in place and to ensure the changes experienced by the child are as smooth as possible to enable a positive integration experience and engagement with new staff and learning.
- 40.4 When a student moves to or from the school, if there are issues or concerns, a conversation between DSLs from both settings is recommended as good practice.
- 40.5 In accordance with KCSiE 2026 we will maintain information on cohorts of children who have been open to social care, have had a social worker or who are closed to social care and may have returned to the family home. This information will only be considered for sharing 'if appropriate' with the new school or provider in advance of the child leaving to allow for the new school to continue supporting the children who have had a social worker or been victims of abuse, including those who are currently receiving support through the 'Channel' programme.
- 40.6 When a child attends Alternative Provision, the safeguarding file will remain with the child's school, the DSL must share relevant information to allow the Alternative Provision to safeguard the child. [KCSiE 2026 Annex B]

#### **41. Recording Practice**

- 41.1 Timely and accurate recording will take place when there are any issues regarding a child.
- 41.2 A recording of each and every incident or concern for the child will be made, including any telephone calls to other professionals. These will also be recorded on the chronology and kept within the child protection file for that child, as over time they are likely to help identify any patterns or emerging risks and needs. This will include any contact from other agencies who may wish to discuss concerns relating to a child. Actions will be agreed, and roles and responsibility of each agency will be clarified, and outcomes recorded.
- 41.3 The chronology will be detailed in CPOMS and visible to DSL and DDSLs.
- 41.4 Further detailed recording will be added to the record of concern on CPOMS. Records will include an analysis of the event or concerns and will take account of the holistic needs of the child, and any historical information held on the child's file.
- 41.5 Support and advice will be sought from social care, or early help whenever necessary. In this way a picture can emerge, and this will assist in promoting an evidence-based assessment and determining any action(s) that needs to be taken.
- 41.6 This may include no further action, whether an Early Help Assessment should be undertaken, or whether a referral should be made to First Response/Children's Social Care in-line

with the Threshold for access to services published September 2021, or any later edition made available by Leicestershire and Rutland Safeguarding Children Partnership.

- 41.7 Such robust practice across child protection and in safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children will assist the school and DSL team in the early identification of any concerns which may require addressing further and the prevention of future harm, risk, or abuse.
- 41.8 The Designated Safeguarding Lead will have a systematic means of monitoring children known or thought to be at risk of harm (through the concern file and through an ongoing dialogue with pastoral staff). They will ensure that we contribute to assessments of need and support multi-agency plans for those children.

## **42. Educating Young People – Opportunities to teach safeguarding**

(KCSiE 2026 paragraphs 156 to 166)

- 42.1 As a school we will teach children in an age-appropriate way about the four Cs of online safety, content, contact, conduct and commerce as outlined in KCSiE 2026 to include youth produced imagery, on-line risks associated with social networking to prevent harm by providing them with the skills, attributes, and knowledge to help them navigate risks, including covering online safety, remote learning, filters and monitoring, information security, cyber-crime, fake news, disinformation and conspiracy theories, reviewing online safety platforms and use of mobile technology. We will ensure appropriate filters and monitoring systems in place and regularly review their effectiveness.
- 42.2 The education we provide for online safety will take into account the need for children to learn using online technologies to include generative artificial intelligence in a safe environment whether that be in school, in the home or in a community environment. This will also be taught as part of a wider RSHE programme, as well as through other subject areas and ICT.
- 42.3 We will ensure a whole school approach is in place to promote giving children the space to explore key issues in a sensitive way and the confidence to seek the support of adults should they encounter problems or online harms, hoaxes or harassment including involving incidents of sexual violence and sexual harassment between children.
- 42.4 Our school is a mobile free environment by default: this includes breaktimes and lunchtime and whilst in attendance at wraparound care clubs. Anything other than this is by exception only and with prior agreement from the Senior Leadership Team / DSL.
- 42.5 Our arrangements will be regularly reviewed to address this additional area of safeguarding as technologies change on a regular basis and having access to smart technology could mean some children, whilst at school/college, sexually harass, bully, and control others via their mobile and smart technology, share indecent images consensually and non-consensually (via large chat groups) and view and share pornography and other harmful content.
- 42.6 Through Jigsaw, our PSHE Programme, we aim to provide all pupils with:
- the knowledge and understanding of a variety of relationships;
  - the ability to identify any concerns they have about a relationship;
  - coping strategies and an awareness of how and where to seek support;
  - an understanding of their rights and responsibilities within a range of relationships;
  - an awareness of the process of growing up and the changes they and others will experience;
  - an understanding of the characteristics of positive relationships.
- 42.7 Further details of our school policy on RSHE, can be seen on our website and what aspects we intend to introduce and include in the curriculum over the next year.

42.8 Children and parents are made aware of on-line safety in order to minimise the safeguarding risks technology can pose and where they can seek advice, help and support. Access to this support is through a dedicated page on the school website, regular eSafety lessons and through engagement in profile raising events such as Safer Internet Week. Paper based guides and support are also provided for parents on a regular basis.

42.9 Our school's response to identifying, responding to, and managing concerns, incidents, or disclosures regarding sexual violence between children in *school* is contained within our Child on Child Abuse Policy.

### **43. Helplines and reporting**

43.1 Children can talk to a Child Line counsellor 24 hours a day about anything that is worrying them by ringing 0800 11 11 or in an online chat at <https://www.childline.org.uk/get-support/1-2-1-counsellor-chat/>

43.2 Where staff members feel unable to raise an issue with their employer, or feel they have a genuine concern that is not being addressed we acknowledge they may wish to consider whistleblowing channels. Likewise, if parents and carers are concerned about their child, they can contact the NSPCC Helpline by ringing 0800 028 028 0295, or by emailing [help@nspcc.org.uk](mailto:help@nspcc.org.uk)

43.3 Our Safeguarding page on our school website contains further links for parents with regard to the range of issues and concerns they may have and signposts to external support services that may be accessed to provide additional support.

### **44. Child on child sexual harassment and sexual violence**

44.1 The school has a zero-tolerance approach to sexual harassment and sexual violence. Abuse will never be tolerated or seen as banter, just having a laugh or part of growing up.

44.2 All staff must have 'it could happen here approach'.

44.3 Forms of child-on-child abuse can be:

- bullying (including cyberbullying, prejudice-based and discriminatory)
- abuse in intimate personal relationships between children (also known as teenage relationship abuse),
- physical abuse which can include hitting, kicking, shaking, biting, hair pulling, or otherwise causing physical harm,
- physical assault and harm, or the threat of harm with a weapon,
- harmful sexual behaviour, sexual violence and sexual harassment – which may include misogyny/misandry.
- consensual and non-consensual making or sharing of nudes and semi nudes, including those generated using AI.

Causing someone to engage in sexual activity without consent, such as:

- forcing someone to strip, touch themselves sexually, or to engage in sexual activity with a third party,
- up skirting (which is a criminal offence<sup>44</sup>), which typically involves taking a picture under a person's clothing without their permission, with the intention of viewing their genitals or buttocks to obtain sexual gratification, or cause the victim humiliation, distress, or alarm, and
- initiation/hazing type violence and rituals.

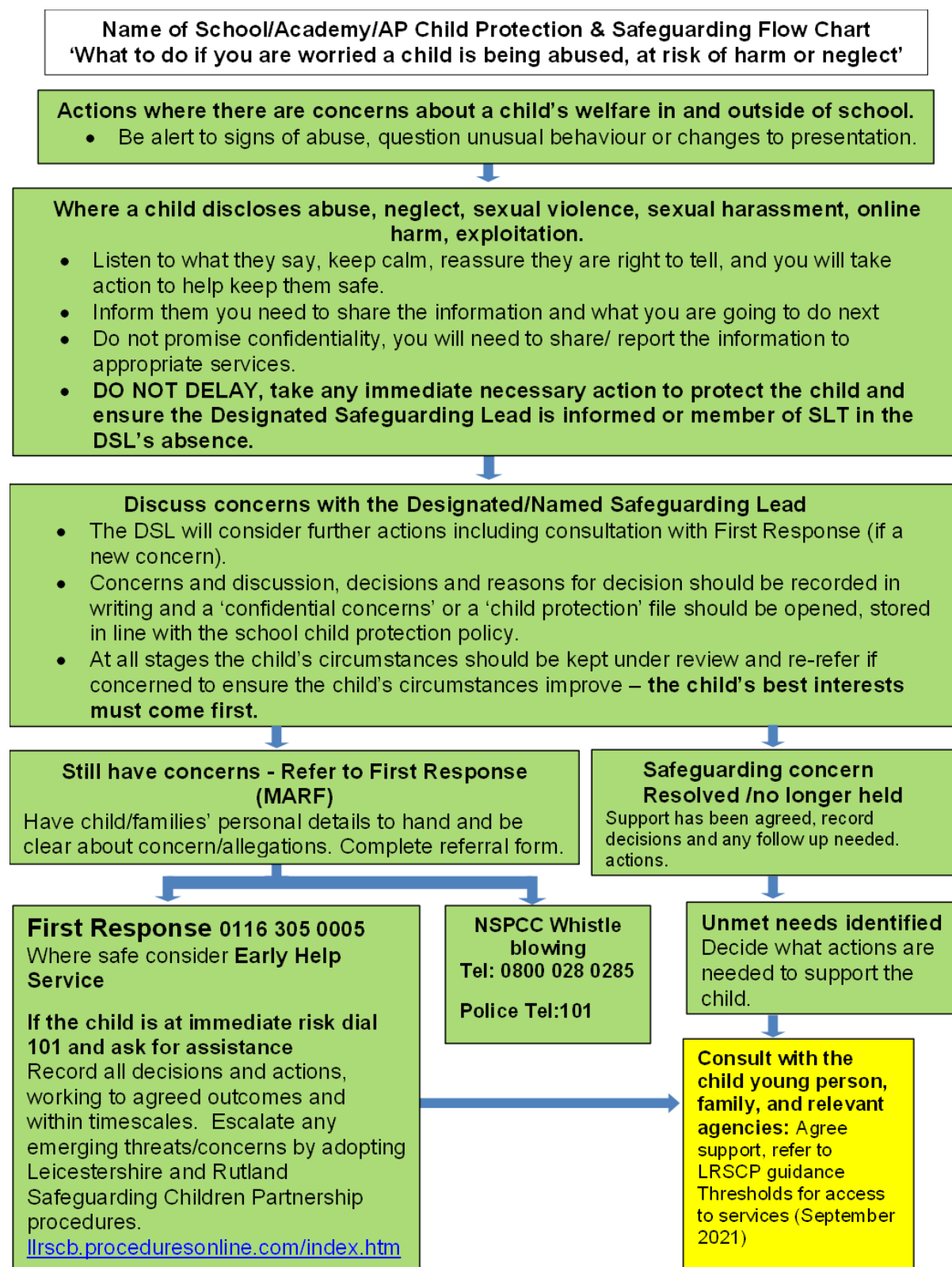
- 44.4 Disclosures or concerns about HSB must be reported immediately to the DSL following the reporting procedures. The Hackett continuum will be used to measure the behaviour.
- 44.5 *Records will be recorded on add school's safeguarding system.*
- 44.6 All children involved in an incident will be seen as victims.
- 44.7 The school will, if necessary, seek advice from a safeguarding partner or refer to resources from the Centre of Expertise on Child Sexual Abuse.
- 44.8 In some cases, such as one of incidents or HSB or sexual harassment, it may be appropriate for the school or college to manage the situation internally.
- 44.9 In some cases, the school will have a statutory duty to refer the incident to the police and/or social care. Where a report of rape, assault by penetration or sexual assault is made, the starting point is that this should be passed on to the police. Whilst the age of criminal responsibility is ten, if the alleged perpetrator(s) is under ten, the starting principle of reporting to the police remains. The police will take a welfare, rather than a criminal justice, approach. The following advice may help schools and colleges decide when to engage the Police and what to expect of them when they do.
- 44.10 The school will seek to protect children's anonymity.
- 44.11 Risk and needs assessments will be put in place.

## **45. Children who are questioning their gender**

- 45.1 The school recognises that some children and young people may question their gender. We are committed to providing a safe, supportive, respectful and inclusive environment for all pupils, while ensuring that safeguarding and the welfare of the child remain paramount.
- 45.2 In accordance with Keeping Children Safe in Education 2026, the school will adopt a safeguarding-led approach when responding to any child who is questioning their gender. Decisions will be made on an individual basis, taking account of the child's age, developmental stage, wishes and feelings, wider vulnerabilities, educational needs, mental health, neurodiversity, family circumstances and the rights and wellbeing of other children. The child's best interests will always be the primary consideration.
- 45.3 The school will not initiate social transition. Where a child or parent/carer requests changes relating to social transition, including changes to name, pronouns, appearance or how a child is treated within the school community, these matters will be considered through the school's safeguarding procedures and under the leadership of the Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL). Any decisions will be carefully assessed, recorded and reviewed.
- 45.4 Parents and carers will be involved in the vast majority of cases. The school will only consider delaying or limiting parental involvement where there is reasonable cause to believe that doing so is necessary to protect the child from a risk of significant harm. In such circumstances, the DSL will seek appropriate safeguarding advice and take action in accordance with child protection procedures.
- 45.5 The school acknowledges that children who are questioning their gender may have additional vulnerabilities or complex needs and may benefit from appropriate health, social care or other professional involvement. The school will work collaboratively with families and relevant agencies where appropriate to promote the child's welfare.

- 45.6 The school will comply with all relevant legal duties, including safeguarding, equality, data protection and human rights legislation. Arrangements relating to toilets, changing facilities, residential accommodation, sport and the recording of pupil information will be managed in line with current statutory guidance and the school's legal obligations.
- 45.7 All concerns, discussions, decisions and the reasons for those decisions will be recorded in accordance with the school's safeguarding and record-keeping procedures.
- 45.8 KCSiE 2026 paragraphs 95-98 confirms that schools and colleges can lawfully separate children according to their biological sex for sport. In cases where a gender questioning child makes a request relating to how they participate, if "there are no safety concerns", settings should consider "whether supporting social transition is overall in the best interests of the child, as well as considering the impact on other children and the aim of creating safe and fair environments for children to participate in PE." At Hose Church of England Primary School PE and sporting activities are normally delivered in mixed groupings. Where a gender questioning child seeks support or adjustments in relation to PE or sport, school leaders will consider individual circumstances carefully. Any decisions made will be on a case-by-case basis and in line with statutory guidance and the schools safeguarding responsibilities.
- 45.9 KCSiE 2026 Paragraphs 105-116 explain that when it comes to toilets, showers and changing facilities, children must not be allowed into the spaces "designated for the opposite biological sex." In instances where a child does not want to use these spaces, "schools and colleges should consider whether they can provide an alternative." Schools and colleges must keep a record of any such situations and "ensure they are communicated appropriately" and regularly reviewed. At Hose Church of England Primary School, we have separate toilets for each biological sex. Where a gender questioning child requests support or adjustments in relation to changing or toileting facilities, school leaders will consider individual circumstances carefully. There is a staff toilet available that could be used to provide an alternative should this be required. Any decisions will be on a case-by-case basis and in line with statutory guidance and the school's safeguarding responsibilities.
- 45.10 Paragraphs 197-202 include new guidance that schools and colleges must not allow a child to share overnight accommodation with a child of the opposite biological sex. This must be considered when responding to a request for social transition, where the rule still applies. If a child doesn't want to share with a child of the same biological sex, alternative arrangements may be sought, but they "should not compromise the safety, comfort, privacy or dignity of any child."

## Appendix 1 Child Protection and Safeguarding Flow Chart



**Contacts:** For any allegations/concerns regarding an adult who works with (in either paid/voluntarily) employment with children contact the LA Designated Officer (LADO) [CFS-LADO@leics.gov.uk](mailto:CFS-LADO@leics.gov.uk) Outside of office hours, contact the First Response Children's Duty Team: 0116 305 0005  
 LA Safeguarding and Compliance Lead [Charlotte.Davis@leics.gov.uk](mailto:Charlotte.Davis@leics.gov.uk) 0116 305 7750

**This flow chart is a brief guide - Please refer to our School Child Protection Policy.**